LAINGSBURGMUNICIPALITY SECTION 52 REPORTS

QUARTERLY PERFORMANCE

2022/23 ASSESSMENT REPORT- Q 2

01 October 2022-31 December 2022



Table of Contents

SECTION 1 - INTRODUCTION	6
SECTION 2 – EXECUTIVE MAYOR'S REPORT	7
SECTION 3 – RESOLUTIONS	7
SECTION 4 – EXECUTIVE SUMMARY	7
4.1 Financial problems and risks	7
4.2 Other Relevant information	10
4.3 Operating Revenue	10
4.4 Operating Expenditure	10
4.5 Capital Expenditure	10
4.6 Cash Flow	10
4.7 Debtors	10
4.8 Creditors	11
4.9 Unfunded Budget	12
4.10 Cost Containment Measures	12
SECTION 5 - FINANCIAL KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS	13
5.1 Key Financial Indicators	14
5.2 Borrowing, funding and reserves policy	
5.2.2 Interpretation of Results	15
5.2.4 Interpretation of Results	16
5.2.5 Purpose/ Use of the Ratio and Norm	16
5.2.6 Interpretation of Results	16
5.2.7 Purpose/ Use of the Ratio and Norm	
5.2.8 Interpretation of Results	17
5.3 Liquidity policy	
5.3.2 Interpretation of Results	18
5.3.3 Purpose/ Use of the Ratio and Norm	18
5.3.4 Interpretation of Results	18
5.3.5 Interpretation of Results	20
5.4 Other ratios of importance	
5.4.2 Interpretation of Results	21
5.4.3 Purpose/ Use of the Ratio and Norm	21
5.4.4 Interpretation of Results	21

5.4.5 Purpose/ Use of the Ratio and Norm	21
5.4.6 Interpretation of Results	22
5.4.7 Purpose/ Use of the Ratio and Norm	22
5.4.8 Interpretation of Results	22
5.4.9 Purpose/ Use of the Ratio and Norm	23
5.4.10 Interpretation of Results	23
SECTION 6 - NON - FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE REPORT	23
6.1 Background	
6.1.2 Definition of Performance Management	24
6.1.3 Institutionalizing Performance Management	24
6.1.4 Strategic Performance	24
6.1.5 Definition of Service Delivery Budget Implementation Plan	25
6.1.6 The IDP and the Budget	25
6.1.7 Municipal Scorecard	25
6.1.8 Background to the format of SDBIP	26
6.1.9 Monitoring and Evaluation	27
6.2 Actual Performance for the 2 nd Quarter	
SECTION 7 – IN-YEAR BUDGET STATEMENT TABLES	44
Table C2: Financial Performance (Functional Classification)	45
Table C3: Financial Performance (Revenue and Expenditure by Municipal Vote)	46
Table C4: Financial Performance (Revenue and Expenditure)	47
Table C5: Capital Expenditure (Municipal Vote, Standard Classification and Funding)	48
Table C6: Financial Position	49
Table C7: Cash Flow	51
Table SC1 Material variance explanations	52
SECTION 8 – DEBTOR ANALYSIS	
Table SC3 Debtors Analysis	53
SECTION 9 – CREDITOR ANALYSIS (TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES)	
Table SC4 Creditors Analysis	
SECTION 10 – INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO	
Table SC5 Investment Portfolio	
SECTION 11 - COUNCILLOR ALLOWANCES AND EMPLOYEE BENEFITS	
Table SC 8 Councilor and staff benefits	
SECTION 12 - RECEIPT AND EXPENDITURE ON GRANT PROGRAMMES	
SC6 Transfers and Grant Receipts	57

SECTION 13 – MATERIAL VARIANCES TO THE SDBIP	58
SECTION 14 – CAPITAL PROGRAMME PERFORMANCE	60
Table SC12 – Capital expenditure trend	60
SECTION 15 – OTHER SUPPORTING DOCUMENTATION	60
Table SC9 – Cash flow per month by source of revenue and type of expenditure	60
Table SC13 a – Capital expenditure on new assets by asset class	62
Table SC13 c - Expenditure on Repairs and Maintenance by asset class	63
Table SC13 d – Depreciation charges by asset class	64
Schedule C – National Treasury Formats graphs	65
Capital Expenditure monthly trend: Actual VS Target	65
Capital Expenditure: YTD Actual VS YTD Target	66
Aged Consumer Debtors analysis	66
SECTION 16 - WARD COMMITTEES	67
SECTION 17 – RECOMMENDATIONS	67
SECTION 18 - CONCLUSION	67

QUALITY CERTIFICATE

I, J Booysen, the Municipal Manager of Laingsburg Local Municipality, hereby certify that the quarterly report on the implementation of the budget and financial state affairs for the period of 1 October 2022 until 31 December 2022 has been prepared in accordance of the Municipal Finance Management Act and regulations made under the Act.

J. BOOYSEN

ACTING MUNICIPAL MANAGER

23 JANUARY 2023

SECTION 1 - INTRODUCTION

The purpose of this report is firstly to comply with section 52(d) of the Municipal Finance Management Act (MFMA), by submission of a report to the Council on the implementation of the budget.

The report provides a quarterly overview of the financial performance of the municipality, whilst it also provides a monitoring tool for Council on the non-financial indicators which are part of the service delivery and budget implementation plan.

The reports strategic objective is to ensure good governance, provide a monitor tool for financial viability as well as to provide Council with the necessary information to make informed decisions.

Section 52 (d) of the MFMA requires that:

"The mayor of a municipality must, within 30 days of the end of each quarter, submit a report to the council on the implementation of the budget and the financial state of affairs of the municipality."

Section 75 (1) (k) of the MFMA requires that one should place the following documents of the municipality on the website:

"All quarterly reports tabled in the council in terms of section 52 (d)."

Council must therefore take note that this report will be published on the official website of the Municipality.

The report provides a quarterly overview of the municipal financial and non-financial performance to give council a monitoring tool to review performance as part of the Service Delivery and Budget Implementation plan (SDBIP) regarding the progress made with the implementation of Key Performance Indicators (KPI's) in the realization of the developmental priorities and strategic objectives as determined in the Municipality's Integrated Development Plan (IDP) as well as in the Top Layer (TL) Service Delivery and Budget Implementation Plan (SDBIP) for the first quarter (01 October 2022 – 31 December 2022) of the 2022/2023 financial year.

SECTION 2 – EXECUTIVE MAYOR'S REPORT

Schedule C (In-Year Reports of Municipalities) of the Local Government: Municipal Finance Management Act Municipal Budget and Reporting Regulations, relating to the Mayor's report states that:

- "3. Mayor's report The mayor's report accompanying an in-year must provide
 - a) A summary of whether the municipality's budget is being implemented in accordance with the service delivery and budget implementation plan and any service delivery agreements with municipal entities;"

Refer to Section 3 – Executive summary for the measurement of financial (Section 3.1) and non-financial (Section 3.2) key performance indicators.

b) "A summary of any financial problems or risks facing the municipality or any such entity; and"

I am not aware of any financial problems or risks facing the municipality.

c) "Any other information considered relevant by the mayor."

There is no other information considered to be relevant.

SECTION 3 – RESOLUTIONS

The draft resolution tabled to Council by the Executive Mayor for consideration regarding the Section 52 report is:

 That Council takes cognizance of the Finance Management Report (MFMA Section 52 report) for the quarter ending 31 December 2022 on the implementation of the budget and the financial state of affairs of the municipality.

SECTION 4 – EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The quarterly report, the so called MFMA Section 52 report, is a monitoring tool for the approved service delivery and budget implementation plan, which can be divided into two parts namely the financial and non-financial key performance indicators.

4.1 Financial problems and risks

At the end of the second quarter, the Municipality generated 97.34% or R 60,021 of the quarterly budgeted income. This amount includes the operating subsidies to date.

Total operating expenses year-to-date, including provisions, stand at R49,830 million.

The total year to date cash generated amounts to R55,399 million which includes an amount of R33,951 million in subsidies (61.28%). Of that, an amount of R 15,158 million is capital allocations and an amount of R18,793 million operating allocations (Equitable share for the quarter, R 13,846 million and other R 4,947 million). Net cash generated from operating income (services and taxes) amounts to R 21,459 million (38.72%). Total cash paid out amounts to R49.955 million.

The total unspent subsidies on 31 December 2022 amount to R 11,073 million against the cash of R 8,534 million in the bank.

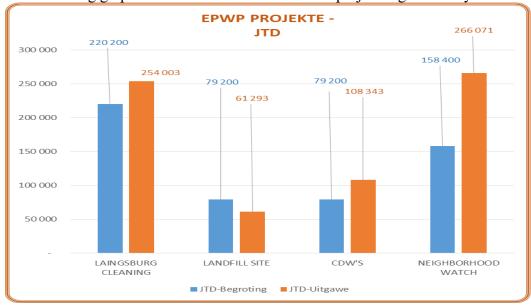
Payment of receivables for the second quarter was 95.82%. Annual tax is levied during July for the financial year and is payable in monthly installments over 11 months.

Betaal persentasies van d	debiteure	
Debiteure Stelsel	Jaar-tot-datum	Uitstaande saldo ingesluit
Elektrisiteit	99.25%	73.11%
Water	86.43%	40.77%
Vullis	91.45%	52.53%
Riool	91.14%	40.32%
Huishuur	91.12%	36.54%
Eiendomsbelasting	108.70%	48.40%
Debiteure saldo beweging	Styging	R 2 915 441.80

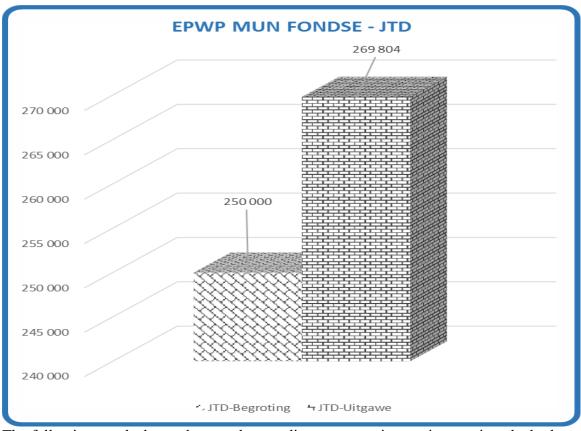
From this it can be derived that the collection percentage of all debtors is equal to the budgeted 95%. The outstanding total amount for debtors increased by R 2,915 million from 1 July 2022 to the end of the second quarter.

The municipality receives a R 1.074 million grant for EPWP appointments. The quarter's contribution of R269 000 was received. However, for the second quarter the expenditure was R331 000, which amounts to R62 000 more than the subsidy amount. From its own funds, the municipality makes provision for R500 000 for temporary appointments which amount to R125 000 per quarter. For the second quarter there is already more than R270 000 spent which is R20 000 more than the budget. The amount to date spent on security already amounts to R836 000 from a budget of R1 200 000. This is already an excess of 39.37% on the year to date budget or rather R236 000.

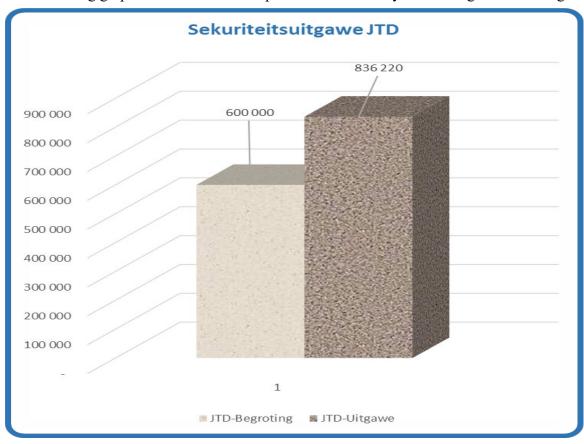
The following graph shows the status of the EPWP projects against the year to date budget:



The following graph shows the Municipality's own contribution to the EPWP:



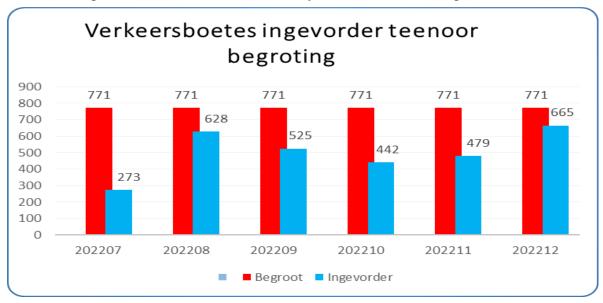
The following graph shows the actual expenditure on security services against the budget:



This can contribute to a serious cash deficit if the trend is maintained and counter funding for the expenditure cannot be obtained or generated.

The collection of the traffic fines is also below the budgeted targets until the end of the second quarter. The budgeted amount amounts to R 4,623 million compared to the amount actually collected of R 3,011 million. This is R 1,612 million below the target.

The following indicates the traffic fines actually advanced versus budgeted for:



4.2 Other Relevant information

None

4.3 Operating Revenue

The Municipality has so far generated 48.67% or R 60.021 million of the annual Budgeted Income which is just more than the budgeted amounts. This amount includes the operational allowances to date.

4.4 Operating Expenditure

Operating expenses of R 47,811 million for the second quarter do not include part of the depreciation charges, annual bonuses and exclude the annual calculation for provisions. The total amount for the year-to-date portion of provisions is R 2,020 million. This will effectively bring the total expenditure to date to R 49,831 million. The expenditure to date is less than the budget year-to-date amount. This means that the Municipality spent 9.30% less.

4.5 Capital Expenditure

The Municipality has so far spent R 8,896 million of the externally funded Capital Budget. An amount of R 12,000 million capital grants (MIG and WSIG) have already been received. So far, 37.01% of the year's capital budget has already been spent.

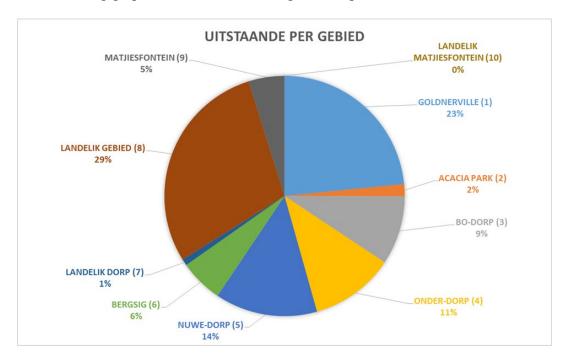
4.6 Cash Flow

The Municipality started with a cash balance of R 5,485 million at the beginning of the second quarter and this increased by R 3,050 million. The ending balance for the quarter is R 8.534 million. The municipal cash flow is mainly from operating activities and grants as no loans or investments are budgeted for the financial year. The second transfers of Equitable Share and other capital allocations were received during the quarter.

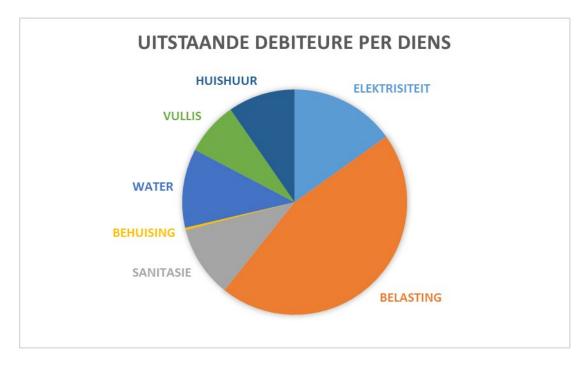
4.7 Debtors

The outstanding debtors of the Municipality amount to R 14,483 million at the end of the second quarter.

The following graph shows the outstanding debtors per ward as at the end of December 2022:



The following graph shows the outstanding debtors per service type as at the end of December 2022:



4.8 Creditors

Total outstanding creditors amount to R 0,776 for the second quarter. All outstanding amounts are within the 30 days outstanding categories that comply with Section 65 of the MFMA. Sometimes, however, it happens that a supplier issues invoices more than 30 days after the date of the invoice date for payment, but in most cases the payments are made upon presentation of the invoices.

4.9 Unfunded Budget

The Provincial Treasury has expressed its concern in writing that the Municipality is facing fiscal problems, which may challenge its ability to carry out its functions and mandate effectively and efficiently. Meetings were held between the PT and the Municipality to discuss the unfunded budget. Recommendations were made that a budget funding plan be drawn up as soon as possible. The funding plan had to include cuts in the budgeted expenditure and other cost-saving measures.

Emphasis will have to be placed during the year on the timely collection of outstanding accounts to keep the payment percentage up to the level of the budget. If this does not happen, the inflow of cash will be hindered and cause spending to be curtailed. This will definitely have a negative impact on service delivery.

As a result, the Municipality is now committed to serious action to cut spending. The recommendation of PT is that the municipality should continue with a strong focus on cost saving measures with the management of both regulated and non-regulated measures and key activities identified in the Budget Funding Plan.

4.10 Cost Containment Measures

The Local Government: Municipal Cost Containment Regulations (MCCR), were promulgated on 7 December 2019 and came into force on 1 July 2019.

Sections 62(1)(a) and 95(a) of the Act on Municipal Financial Management No. 56 of 2003 (MFMA) states that the accounting officer of a municipality or municipal entity is responsible for the management of the financial administration of a municipality and must, for this purpose, take all reasonable steps to ensure that the resources of the municipality are effectively, be used efficiently and economically.

Pursuant to MFMA Circular 97 issued on 1 July 2019, municipalities are expected to utilize existing reporting requirements, to report internally and externally on cost saving measures.

The following table summarizes the main items as prescribed in the circular and MKR.

	Koste Besparings Jaar-tot-datum Verslag											
Koste Besparings Items	JAARLIKSE BEGROTING	MAANDELIKSE BEGROTING		UITGAWE HIERDIE PERIODE	UITGAWE JTD	OOR OF (BESPAAR) VIR MAAND	OOR OF (BESPAAR) JTD					
	R'	R'	R'	R'	R'	R'	R'					
Gebruik van konsultante	11 320 092	943 341	5 660 046	505 365	3 680 178	(437 976)	(1 979 868)					
Rein en verblyfkoste	741 600	61 800	370 800	21 194	228 609	(40 606)	(142 191)					
Akkommodasie	329 400	27 450	164 700	10 264	92 642	(17 186)	(72 058)					
Borgskappe en spyseniering	41 856	3 488	20 928	17 251	32 548	13 763	11 620					
Kommunikasie	24 228	2 019	12 114	18 312	117 742	16 293	105 628					
Oortyd	524 640	43 720	262 320	77 714	309 185	33 994	46 865					
Totaal	R 12 981 816	R 1 081 818	R 6 490 908	R 650 100	R 4 460 903	(431 718)	(2 030 005)					

SECTION 5 - FINANCIAL KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

The financial performance indicators as prescribed by National Treasury are provided in Table SC 2.

Table SC2 – Financial Performance indicators

WC051 Laingsburg - Supporting Table SC2 Monthly Budget Statement - performance indicators - Q2 Second Quarter

			2020/21		Budget Ye	ar 2022/23		
Description of financial indicator	Basis of calculation	Ref	Audited	Original	Adjusted	YearTD	Full Year	
			Outcome	Budget	Budget	actual	Forecast	
Borrowing Management							un worker	
Capital Charges to Operating Expenditure	Interest & principal paid/Operating Expenditure		3,0%	7,4%	0,0%	0,0%	3,9%	
Borrow ed funding of 'own' capital expenditure	Borrowings/Capital expenditure excl. transfers and grants		0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	
Safety of Capital								
Debt to Equity	Loans, Accounts Payable, Overdraft & Tax		6,3%	3,8%	0,0%	8,7%	3,8%	
	Provision/ Funds & Reserves		2,270	-,-,-	1 2,2,2	-,. /-	, ,,,,,	
Gearing	Long Term Borrowing/ Funds & Reserves		0.0%	0,0%	0,0%	0.0%	0.0%	
Liquidity			,	,		·		
Current Ratio	Current assets/current liabilities	1	105,8%	76,4%	0,0%	127,8%	76,4%	
Liquidity Ratio	Monetary Assets/Current Liabilities		18,8%	42,8%	0,0%	40,1%	42,8%	
Revenue Management				1=,070	,,,,,	,	1 -, -, -, -	
Annual Debtors Collection Rate	Last 12 Mths Receipts/ Last 12 Mths Billing							
(Payment Lev el %)								
Outstanding Debtors to Revenue	Total Outstanding Debtors to Annual Revenue		17,2%	10,1%	0,0%	35,9%	10,1%	
Longstanding Debtors Recovered	Debtors > 12 Mths Recovered/Total Debtors >		0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	
zongownang zostoro recorrorea	12 Months Old		0,070	0,070	0,070	0,070	0,070	
Creditors Management								
Creditors System Efficiency	% of Creditors Paid Within Terms (within MFMA s 65(e))		0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	
Funding of Provisions								
Percentage Of Provisions Not Funded	Unfunded Provisions/Total Provisions							
Other Indicators								
Electricity Distribution Losses	% Volume (units purchased and generated less units sold)/units purchased and generated	2	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	
Water Distribution Losses	% Volume (units purchased and own source less	2	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	
	units sold)/Total units purchased and own source							
Employ ee costs	Employ ee costs/Total Revenue - capital revenue		36,9%	31,2%	0,0%	31,0%	31,2%	
Repairs & Maintenance	R&M/Total Revenue - capital revenue		0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	
Interest & Depreciation	I&D/Total Revenue - capital revenue		15,2%	8,2%	0,0%	0,0%	4,3%	
IDD regulation financial stability to discuss							***************************************	
IDP regulation financial viability indicators	(Tatal Operation Bernards Operation Constitution)		0.00/	0.00/	0.00/	0.00/	0.00/	
i. Debt cov erage	(Total Operating Revenue - Operating Grants)/Debt service payments due within financial year)		0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	
ii. O/S Service Debtors to Revenue	Total outstanding service debtors/annual revenue received for services		0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	
iii. Cost cov erage	(Available cash + Investments)/monthly fixed operational expenditure		0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	

The other financial performance indicators are discussed below:

Table 5.1 provides a high level summary of the municipality's performance on the capital and operational revenue and expenditure measured against the budget as at 31 December 2022.

5.1 Key Financial Indicators

Description	Operating Revenue R'000		Operating Expenditure R'000			Capital Expenditure R'000			
Year-to-date budget CY	682	61	664	732	54	942	765	8	895
Actuals as at Current Quarter	522	60	020	789	47	810	979	5	726
Variance between YTD Budget and YTD Actuals	160	1	644	943	7	131	786	3	168
Variance %			2,67	12,98	3		100,0	0	

Table 5. 2 Actual Budget Spending

Description	Operating Revenue R'000		Operating Expenditure R'000			Capital Expenditure R'000	
Annual Budget		-		-			-
Actuals as at Current Quarter	60 522	020	789	1 7 81	0 979	5	726
Actual as % of total Budget	#DIV/0!		#DIV/0!		#DIV/0!		

Table 5.3 provides the key financial indicators, comparing the 2021/22 financial performance of the municipality to the 2022/23 year to date figures as at 31 December 2022.

RATIO DESCRIPTION	СР	PP
Revenue Management		
Level of reliance on Government grants	44,05	30,13
Actual income vs Budgeted Income	97,33	29,44
Expenditure Management		
Personnel Costs to total Expenditure	33,14	30,78
Actual expenditure vs Budgeted Expenditure	87,02	22,20
Interest Paid as a percentage of total expenditure	-	-
Repairs and maintenance / PPE (carry amount)	0,35	0,07
Repairs and maintenance / total expenditure	1,39	0,55

Asset Management Actual versus Budgeted Capital Expenditure Stockholding period(Days)	37,01	8,85
Debt Management Creditors payment period (Days)	30	30
Arrear debtors collection period (Days)	297	358
<u>Liquidity</u>		
Current ratio	127,79	133,24
Acid Test ratio	126,36	131,52
Turnover of accounts receivable	1,38	2,04
Cash to interest	0	0
Debt to cash	1,83	0,96
Cash to income	0,48	0,46
Total Liabilities / Total Assets	18,61	7,47

5.2 Borrowing, funding and reserves policy

The borrowing, funding and reserves policy makes the measurement of the following ratios compulsory:

a) Interest paid to total expenditure

5.2.1 Purpose/ Use of the Ratio and Norm

The approved policy by Council determines that the interest paid to total expenditure may not exceed 5%.

5.2.2 Interpretation of Results

Interest paid to total expenditure is well within the norm of 5% Interest payments are currently made bi-annually.

b) Total long term debt to total operating revenue

5.2.3 Purpose/ Use of the Ratio and Norm

The approved policy by Council determines that the total long term debt to total operating revenue (excluding conditional grants and transfers) must not exceed 45%. Table 5.4 provides the year to date measurement against the results of 2021/22.

Table 5.4 Long Term Revenue

DESCRIPTION	CP	PP
Total long term debt to total operating revenue (excluding conditional grants and transfers)	0	0
Total Long-term Debt	0	0
Total Operating Revenue (Excluding conditional grants and transfers	35 450 925	20 227 580

5.2.4 Interpretation of Results

This percentage of long-term debt to operating revenue is well within the approved policy of Council of 45%.

c) Cash generation from operating activities

5.2.5 Purpose/ Use of the Ratio and Norm

The approved policy by Council determines that the cash generation from operating activities must at least cover the annual loan repayments 1 time.

Table 5.5 provides the year to date measurement against the results of 2021/22.

Table 5.5 Loan Repayments versus Cash

Description		CP			PP	
Coverage of Annual Loan Repayments by cash generated from operating	0			0		
Cash generated from operating activities	637	18	468	942	10	322
Annual Loan Repayments	0			0		

5.2.6 Interpretation of Results

Laingsburg Municipality does not have a high reliance on loans. Thus the ratio will always be favorable. The coverage of cash generated from operating activities to the annual loan repayment is well above the norm of 1 time.

d) Percentage of annual loan repayment to total operating expenditure

5.2.7 Purpose/ Use of the Ratio and Norm

The approved policy by Council determines that the percentage of total annual loan repayment (Capital and Interest) to total operating expenditure must not be more than 10%.

Table 5.6 provides the year to date measurement against the results of 2021/22.

Table 5.6 Loan Repayments

Description		CP		PP	
Percentage of annual loan repayments to total operating expenditure	0			0	
Annual loan repayments (interest & Capital)	0			0	
Total Operating Expenditure	789	47	810	24 953,00	398

5.2.8 Interpretation of Results

Laingsburg Municipality does not have a high reliance on loans and thus the amounts relating to repayment of loans are low. Thus the ratio will always be favorable. The percentage of annual loan repayment to total operating expenditure is well within the norm of 10%.

5.3 Liquidity policy

The liquidity policy makes the measurement of the following ratios compulsory:

a) Cash/Cost Coverage Ratio

5.3.1 Purpose/ Use of the Ratio and Norm

The approved policy by Council determines that the Cash/Cost Coverage Ratio (Excluding Unspent Conditional Grants) must be calculated as ((Cash and Cash Equivalents – Unspent Conditional Grants - Overdraft) + Short Term Investment) / Monthly Fixed Operational Expenditure excluding (Depreciation, Amortization, Provision for Bad Debts, Impairment and Loss on Disposal of Assets) and that a coverage of 1-3 times is acceptable.

Table 5.7 provides the measurement based on the last month of the quarter measured against the second quarter of 2022/23.

Table 5.7 Cash and Cash Equivalents

DESCRIPTION	CP	PP
Cash/Cost Coverage Ratio (Times)		
Cash and Cash equivalents	8 534 458	5 484 950
Monthly Fixed Operational Expenditure	4 504 693	4 504 693
Cash and Cash Equivalents:		
Petty Cash and bank Balances	-24 326 535	5 032 967
Less:		
Unspent Conditional Grants	11 073 460	6 539 301
Overdraft	0	0
Plus:		
Short-term investments	451 983	451 983

Monthly Fixed Operational		
<u>Expenditure</u>		
Total average monthly expenditure for the year	15 936 930	8 132 984
Less:		
Depreciation & Amortisation	3 239 466	1 619 733
Provision for bad debt	8 580 847	8 580 847
Impairment and loss on Disposal of Assets	2 247 802	2 247 802
Fair Value Adjustments	0	0

5.3.2 Interpretation of Results

The cash/cost coverage ratio is less than the norm of 1-3 times as per liquidity policy and improved from 2021/22 to 2022/23 mainly because of the increase in "Short-term investments".

b) Current ratio

5.3.3 Purpose/ Use of the Ratio and Norm

The purpose of this ratio is to measure the Municipality's ability to meets its short-term commitments.

The higher the current Ratio, the more capable the Municipality will be to pay its current or short-term obligations and provide for a risk cover to enable it to continue operations at desired levels. A financial ratio under 1 suggests that the Municipality would be unable to pay all its current or short-term obligations if they fall due at any specific point.

If current liabilities exceed current assets, it highlights serious financial challenges and likely liquidity problems i.e. insufficient cash to meet short-term financial obligations. Current assets must therefore be increased to appropriately cover current liabilities otherwise there is a risk that non-current assets will need to be liquidated to settle current liabilities.

The approved policy by Council determines that the current ratio must be between 1.5:1 and 2:1.

Table 5.8 Current Assets and Liabilities

Description		CP			PP	
Current Ratio	127,7	79		133,2	<u>.</u> 4	
Current Assets	631	27	168	278	23	774
Current Liabilities	616	21	260	555	17	843

5.3.4 Interpretation of Results

The municipality operates above the norm set by Council. The ratio improved since the end of the previous year.

The liquidity policy goes a step further and prescribes the calculation formula to determine a minimum liquidity requirement; it differs from the normal generally recognized calculation method as used above.

Table 5.9 provides the measurement method as prescribed in the policy; it measures the year to date results against the results of 2021/22.

Table 5.9 Liquidity Requirement Calculation

Liquidity Requirement Calculation	CP	PP
	R	R
All earmarked and/or conditional grants received but not yet utilised	0	0
Value of the provisions held in cash for the clearing of alien vegetation and the rehabilitation of landfill sites to the extent that these funds are required within the following 5 years	0	0
Value of legally entrenched short term rights and benefits of employees related to Medical benefits & Retirement benefits	388 596	121 000
Unspent Loan Funds	0	0
Funds held for agency services not yet performed	0	0
Reserve funds reflected in Statement of Financial Position that are assumed to be held in cash	22 907 390	23 027 272
Capital redemption and interest payments on external loans not reflected as part of normal operational expenditure	0	0
1 months operational expenditure excluding non-cash items	4 504 693	4 504 693
Consumer Deposits	851 985	845 642
Other Deposits and Other Advance Payments:		
- Retentions	360 087	360 087
- Payments Received in Advance	155 315	155 315
- Other Deposits	158 647	147 454
Non-current Deposits	0	0
Commitments resulting from contracts concluded as part of Capex Programme, not reflected in operational budget	24 685 163	1 685 163

Table 5.10 Actual Liquidity

Actual available liquidity held [reference paragraph 4.2.]	CP R	PP R
Bank Balance at e.g.:		
- ABSA, FNB, Standard Bank, Nedbank, Investec, Money Market	-24 326 535	5 032 967
Bank balance sub total	-24 326 535	5 032 967
95% of all other term investments with Banks	429 384	429 384
90% of Market value of all Bonds on the JSE that are held	0	0
Consumer debtors (current – 60 days)	3 462 824	2 118 692
Other reserves held in cash not reflected in bank balances mentioned above for e.g.:	0	0
- Unspent conditional grants	11 073 460	6 539 301
- Payments received for agency functions not yet performed	0	0
- The cash value of reserves held	0	0
- Cash deposits held as part of loan covenants or ceded	0	0
 Undrawn bank overdraft facility or committed liquidity lines available 	0	0
TOTAL LIQUIDITY AVAILABLE	-9 360 867	14 120 344
LIQUIDITY SURPLUS (SHORTFALL)		
SURPLUS THAT COULD BE APPROPRIATED TO CAPITAL REPLACEMENT RESERVE	0	0

5.3.5 Interpretation of Results

It is clear from above that the Municipality does meet the minimum level set by the approved policy. The liquidity surplus improved measured against the result of the last financial year.

5.4 Other ratios of importance

The following ratios are important within this quarterly report.

a) Debtors collection period in days

5.4.1 Purpose/ Use of the Ratio and Norm

This ratio reflects the collection period. The debtor days refers to the average number of days required for the Municipality to receive payment from its consumers for bills/invoices issued to them for services.

The ratio is also a good indication of the effectiveness of credit control procedures within the Municipality. If the ratio is above the norm, it indicates that the Municipality is exposed to significant cash flow risk.

This is also an indication that the municipality is experiencing challenges in the collection of outstanding amounts due to it. In addition, this indicates that a significant amount of potential

cash is tied up in consumer debtors and the municipality must improve its revenue and cash flow management.

Table 5.11 Debt Collection

Description	СР	PP
Debtors collection period (days)		
Consumer debtors * 365	297	358
Rates revenue + Services revenue + Debtors income		

5.4.2 Interpretation of Results

The municipality does not operate within the norm. The ration has weakened measured against the result of the last financial year. The reason for the increase in the collection period is due to raising of annual rates in the first quarter of the financial year for the financial period as a whole.

b) Level of reliance on government grants

5.4.3 Purpose/ Use of the Ratio and Norm

The Ratio measures the extent to which the municipality's Expenditure is funded through government grant and subsidies.

No norm is proposed at this time by National Treasury. It must be mentioned that National Treasury does promote a healthy balance of funding sources.

Table 5.12 Grant Reliance

Description	CP		PP	
Level of reliance on government grants	44,05		30,13	
Government Grants and subsidies	27 833,00	915	32 775,00	062
Total Revenue	51 025,00	157	29 153,00	272

5.4.4 Interpretation of Results

The results indicate that the municipality is dependent on grant funding to run its normal operations.

b) Implementation of the Capital program

5.4.5 Purpose/ Use of the Ratio and Norm

This ratio measures the extent to which Budgeted Capital Expenditure has been spent during the financial year, under review. Further, this ratio measures the municipality's ability to implement capital projects and monitor the risks associated with non-implementation.

The ratio also assesses whether the municipality has effective controls in place to ensure that expenditure is incurred in accordance with an approved budget. Any variance above 5% indicates discrepancies in planning and budgeting which should be investigated and corrective measures implemented. Under-spending is also an indicator that the Municipality might be experiencing possible cash flow difficulties to implement projects.

Ideally, under-spending should be the result of improved efficiencies and not as a result of non-implementation of programs and/or projects. Overspending may also indicate inaccurate budgeting or poor financial management control.

The norm ranges between 0% and 5% variance

Table 5.13 Actual Budget Spending

Description	СР	PP
Actual versus Budgeted Capital Expenditure	8 895 765	2 128 328
Actual Capital Expenditure : Budgeted Capital Expenditure	37,01	8,85
Budgeted Capital Expenditure	24 038 508	24 038 508

5.4.6 Interpretation of Results

The Municipality is functioning within the norm and is on track as per the YTD Budget allocation.

c) Implementation: Operational Revenue

5.4.7 Purpose/ Use of the Ratio and Norm

This ratio measures the extent of actual operating revenue (Excl. Capital Grant Revenue) received in relation to budgeted operating revenue during the financial year, under review.

A ratio outside the norm indicates either a challenge in capacity to implement, ineffective billing and credit control, weakness in compilation of budgets or issues of financial controls and management of the Municipality.

The norm ranges between 0% and 5% variance.

5.4.8 Interpretation of Results

With the conversion from old vote numbers used in the old chart of accounts to the new mSCOA short codes and especially the new mSCOA item segment it was difficult to budget monthly projections for the 2022/2023 budget with no available history on this new chart of accounts. The budget was therefore only divided equally amongst the 12 months on the financial system. The municipality will only have a more reliable budget per month with the next budget period. It can be mentioned that the actual income collection is in line with previous year actual and projected collection rates.

d) Implementation: Operational Expenditure

5.4.9 Purpose/ Use of the Ratio and Norm

This ratio measures the extent to which Budgeted Operating Expenditure has been spent during the financial year, under review. The ratio also assesses whether the municipality has effective controls in place to ensure that expenditure is incurred in accordance with an approved budget. Any variance outside the norm either indicate a challenge in capacity to implement, issues of financial controls and management and/or poor budgeting.

Under-spending normally is an indicator that the Municipality experiences possible cash flow difficulties or capacity challenges to undertake budgeted/ planned service delivery, and/ or does not prepare accurate and credible budgets. Ideally, under-spending should be the result of improved efficiencies and not as a result of non-implementation of programs and/or projects.

Overspending may also indicate inaccurate budgeting or poor financial management control in respect of budget control.

The norm ranges between 0% and 5% variance.

Table 5.15 Budget Expenditure

Description	СР	PP
Actual operating expenditure V Budgeted operating expenditure	51 157 025	29 272 153
Actual Expenditure – Budgeted Expenditure	102,89	29,44
Budgeted Expenditure	49 721 430	99 442 860

5.4.10 Interpretation of Results

The Municipality is functioning outside the norm. With the conversion from old vote numbers used in the old chart of accounts to the new mSCOA short codes and especially the new mSCOA item segment it was difficult to budget monthly projections for the 2022/2023 budget with no available history on this new chart of accounts. The budget was therefore only divided equally amongst the 12 months on the financial system. The municipality will only have a more reliable budget per month with the next budget period.

SECTION 6 - NON - FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE REPORT

6.1 Background

6.1.1 Legislative Requirements

The Municipal Systems Act (MSA), 2000 requires municipalities to establish a performance management system. Further, the MSA and the Municipal Finance Management Act (MFMA) requires the Integrated Development Plan (IDP) to be aligned to the municipal budget and to be monitored for the performance of the budget against the IDP via the Service Delivery and the Budget Implementation Plan (SDBIP).

In addition, Regulation 7 (1) of the Local Government: Municipal Planning and Performance Management Regulations, 2001 states that "A Municipality's Performance Management System entails a framework that describes and represents how the municipality's cycle and processes of performance planning, monitoring, measurement, review, reporting and improvement will be conducted, organized and managed, including determining the roles of the different role players." Performance management is not only relevant to the organization as a whole, but also to the individuals employed in the organization as well as the external service providers and the Municipal Entities. This framework, inter alia, reflects the linkage between the IDP, Budget, SDBIP and individual and service provider performance.

6.1.2 Definition of Performance Management

Performance management is a process which measures the implementation of the organization's strategy. It is also a management tool to plan, monitor, measure and review performance indicators to ensure efficiency, effectiveness and the impact of service delivery by the municipality.

6.1.3 Institutionalizing Performance Management

At local government level performance management is institutionalized through the legislative requirements on the performance management process for Local Government. Performance management provides the mechanism to measure whether the strategic goals, set by the organization and its employees, are met.

The constitution of S.A (1996), section 152, dealing with the objectives of local government paves the way for performance management with the requirements for an "accountable government". The democratic values and principles in terms of section 195 (1) are also linked with the concept of performance management, with reference to the principles of inter alia:

- the promotion of efficient, economic and effective use of resources,
- accountable public administration
- to be transparent by providing information,
- to be responsive to the needs of the community, and
- to facilitate a culture of public service and accountability amongst staff.

6.1.4 Strategic Performance

This report highlight the strategic performance in terms of the municipality's Top Layer Service Delivery Budget Implementation Plan (SDBIP), high level performance in terms of the IDP Strategic objectives, performance on the National Key Performance Indicators prescribed in terms of Regulation 796. Details regarding specific basic service delivery targets, achievements and challenges will be included in the Annual Report of the

municipality.

6.1.5 Definition of Service Delivery Budget Implementation Plan

The SDBIP is defined in terms of Section 1 of the Municipal Finance Management Act (MFMA), no. 56 of 2003, and the format of the SDBIP is prescribed by MFMA Circular 13.

Section 41(1) (e) of the Municipal Systems Act (MSA), no 32 of 2000, prescribes that a process must be established of regular reporting to Council.

The Report is a requirement in terms of section 52 of the Local Government: Municipal Financial Management Act, no. 56 of 2003 which provide for:

- a) The Executive Mayor, to submit to council within 30 days of the end of each quarter, a report on the implementation of the budget and financial state of affairs of the municipality;
- b) The Accounting Officer, while conducting the above, must take into account:
 - Section 71 Reports;
 - Performance in line with the Service Delivery & Budget Implementation Plans.

6.1.6 The IDP and the Budget

The Final IDP 2022/2027 and the Final Budget was approved by Council the 30th of May 2022. The IDP process and the performance management process are integrated. The IDP fulfills the planning stage of performance management. Performance management in turn, fulfills the implementation management, monitoring and evaluation of the IDP.

6.1.7 Municipal Scorecard

The municipal scorecard (Top Layer SDBIP) consolidate service delivery targets set by Council / senior management and provide an overall picture of performance for the municipality as a whole, reflecting performance on its strategic priorities. Components of the Top Layer SDBIP include:

- One-year detailed plan, but should include a three-year capital plan
- The 5 necessary components include:
- Monthly projections of revenue to be collected for each source
- Expected revenue to be collected NOT billed
- Monthly projections of expenditure (operating and capital) and revenue for each vote
- Section 71 format (Monthly budget statements)
- Quarterly projections of service delivery targets and performance indicators for each vote

- Non-financial measurable performance objectives in the form of targets and indicators
- Output not input / internal management objectives
- Level and standard of service being provided to the community
- Ward information for expenditure and service delivery
- Detailed capital project plan broken down by ward over three years

6.1.8 Background to the format of SDBIP

The Municipality's SDBIP consists of a Top Layer (TL) as well as a Departmental Plan for each individual Department. For purposes of reporting, the TL SDBIP is used to report to Council and the Community on the organizational performance of the Municipality. The TL SDBIP measure the achievement of performance indicators with regards to the provision of basic services as prescribed in Section 10 of the Local Government: Municipal Planning and Performance Regulations of 2001, National Key Performance Areas and Strategic Objectives as detailed in the Integrated Development Plan (IDP) of the Laingsburg Local Municipality(LLM).

The Top Layer SDBIP was approved by the Mayor on the 13th of June 2022. The Departmental SDBIP's measure the achievement of performance indicators that have been determined with regard to operational service delivery within each department and have been aligned with the Top Layer SDBIP. The Departmental Plans have been approved by the Municipal Manager. This Quarterly Performance Assessment Report is based on the seven (7) Strategic Objectives of the municipality.

The overall assessment of actual performance against targets set for the key performance indicators as documented in the SDBIP is illustrated in terms of the following assessment methodology:

Color	Category	Explanation
	KPI Not Yet Measured	KPI's with no targets or actual results for the selected period
	KPI Not Met	Actual vs. target less than 75%
	KPI Almost Met	Actual vs. target between 75% and 100%
	KPI Met	Actual vs. target 100% achieved
	KPI Well Met	Actual vs. target more than 100% and less than 150% achieved



Table 3.1: SDBIP Measurement Categories

The Performance Management System is an internet based system and it uses the Service Delivery Budget Implementation Plan (SDBIP) which is approved as its basis. The SDBIP is a layered plan comprising Top Layer SDBIP and Departmental SDBIPs. The performance reporting on the top layer SDBIP is done to Council on a quarterly, half yearly (Mid-year Budget and Performance Assessment Report) and annual basis. Annual amendments to the Top Layer SDBIP must be approved by Council following the submission of the Mid-year Budget and Performance Assessment Report as well as the approved adjustment budget.

This non-financial part of the report is based on the Top Layer SDBIP and comprises the following;

- Summary of the quarterly performance of the Municipality in terms of the seven (7) Municipal Strategic Objective; and
- A detailed performance review per Municipal directorate.

6.1.9 Monitoring and Evaluation

The performance is monitored and evaluated via the SDBIP system. The web based system sent automated e-mails to the users of the system as a reminder to all staff responsible for updating their actual performance against key performance indicator targets every month for the previous month's performance.

The system closes every month between the 10th to the 18th day for updates of the previous month's actual performance as a control measure to ensure that performance is updated and monitored on a monthly basis. No access is available to a month's performance indicators after closure of the system. This is to ensure that the level of performance is consistent for a particular period in the various levels at which reporting take place. Departments must motivate to the Municipal Manager should they require the system to be re-opened once the system is closed.

The system provides management information in tables and graphs, indicating actual performance against targets. The graphs provide a good indication of performance progress

and where corrective action is required.

The system requires key performance indicator owners to update performance comment for each actual captured, which provides a clear indication of how the actual was calculated/reached and serves as part of the portfolio of evidence for audit purposes.

In terms of Section 46(1) (a) (iii) of the Municipal Systems Act the Municipality must reflect annually in the Annual Performance Report on measures taken to improve performance, in other words targets not achieved. The system utilised requires corrective actions to be captured for targets not achieved.

6.2 Actual Performance for the 1st Quarter

The purpose of strategic performance reporting is to report specifically on the implementation and achievement of IDP outcomes. This section provides an overview on the strategic achievement of the municipality in terms of the strategic intent and deliverables achieved as stated in the IDP. The Top Layer (strategic) SDBIP is the municipality's strategic plan and shows the strategic alignment between the different documents. (IDP, Budget and Performance Agreements)

The Top Layer SDBIP contains performance indicators per Municipal Key Performance Area and comments with corrective measures with regard to indicators not achieved. A detailed analysis of actual performance for the 1st quarter of the financial year 2022/2023 is provided for in section 6 of this report.

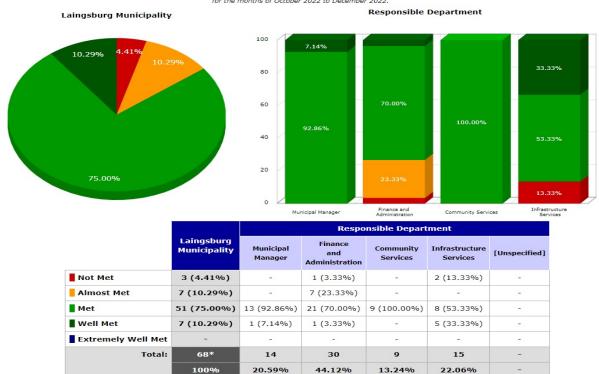
Overall performance (dashboard) per National and Municipal Key Performance Area will be provided for in this report.

6.2.1 Overall Performance of the Municipality

The following graphs illustrate the overall performance of the LLM measured in terms of the Top Layer (strategic) SDBIP 2022/2023(2nd quarter).

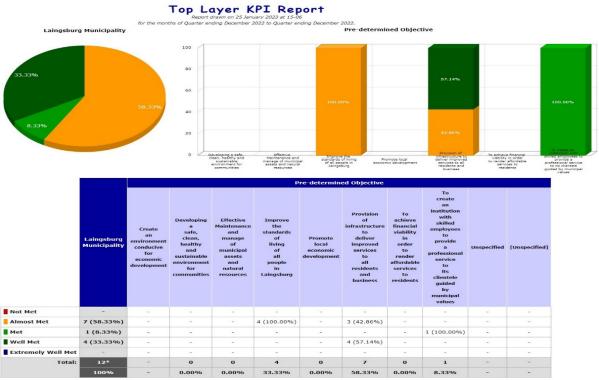
The performance is also measured and reported on; per National and Municipal Key Performance Area.

Departmental KPI Report Diagram 6.1 Departmental KPI's Performance for the months of October 2022 to December 2022.



^{*} Excludes 78 KPIs which had no targets/actuals for the period selected.

The following graphs and tables give an overview on Top Level performance per Pre-Determined Objective(PDO's) for the term under review (01 October 2022 to 31 December 2022)



The following table shows the top level key performance indicators (KPIs), what the target were for each KPI and what the actual performance was for the quarter.

Table 6.1 Top layer SDBIP 2022/23 Financial Year (Quarter ending December 2022)

Laingsburg Municipality

2022-2023: Top Layer KPI Report

Ref	Responsible Directorate	Provincial Objectives	Pre- determined Objective	KPI Name	Description of Unit of Measurement	Calculati on Type	Municipal KPA	Quarter ending December 2022		Qua Dece Qua	Performa arter endi mber 202 arter endi ember 20	ng 2 to ng	
								Target	Actual	R	Target	Actual	R
TL148	Finance and Administration	Innovation and Culture	To create an institution with skilled employees to provide a professional service to its clientele guided by municipal values	Limit the vacancy rate to less than 10% of budgeted posts by 30 June 2023 [(Number of posts filled/Total number of budgeted posts)x100]	% vacancy rate of budgeted posts by 30 June 2023	Reverse Last Value	Institutional Development	0.00%	0.00%	N/A	0.00%	0.00%	N/A

QUARTERLY PERFORMANCE ASSESMENT REPORT Q 2 of 2022/2023

TL149	Administration	Innovation and Culture	To create an institution with skilled employees to provide a professional service to its clientele guided by municipal values	The percentage of the Municipality's personnel budget actually spent on implementing its workplace skills plan by 30 June 2023 [(Actual amount spent on training/total operational budget)x100]	% of the Municipality's personnel budget on implementing its workplace skills plan by 30 June 2023	Last Value	Institutional Development	0.00%	0.00%	N/A	0.00%	0.00%	N/A
TL150	Finance and Administration	Innovation and Culture	To achieve financial viability in order to render affordable services to residents	Achieve a debtor payment percentage of 65% by 30 June 2023 [(Gross Debtors Opening Balance + Billed Revenue - Gross Debtors Closing Balance - Bad Debts Written Off)/Billed Revenue x 100]	% debtor payment achieved	Last Value	Financial Development	0.00%	0.00%	N/A	0.00%	0.00%	N/A
TL151	Finance and Administration	Innovation and Culture	Provision of infrastructure to deliver improved services to all residents and business	Number of formal residential properties connected to the municipal electrical infrastructure	Number of residential properties which are billed for electricity or have prepaid	Last Value	Infrastructure Development	863	896	G2	863	896	G2

				network (credit and prepaid electrical metering)(Excludi ng Eskom areas) and billed for the service as at 30 June 2023	meters (Excluding Eskom areas) as at 30 June 2023								
TL152	Finance and Administration	Innovation and Culture	Provision of infrastructure to deliver improved services to all residents and business	Number of formal residential properties that receive piped water (credit and prepaid water metering) that is connected to the municipal water infrastructure network and billed for the service as at 30 June 2023	Number of residential properties which are billed for water	Last Value	Infrastructure Development	1 338	1 336	O	1 338	1 336	0
TL153	Finance and Administration	Innovation and Culture	Provision of infrastructure to deliver improved services to all residents and business	Number of formal residential properties connected to the municipal waste water sanitation/sewer age network for sewerage service, irrespective of the number of	Number of residential properties which are billed for sewerage	Last Value	Infrastructure Development	1 296	1 294	O	1 296	1 294	0

				water closets (toilets) and billed for the service as at 30 June 2023									
TL154	Finance and Administration	Innovation and Culture	Provision of infrastructure to deliver improved services to all residents and business	Number of formal residential properties for which refuse is removed once per week and billed for the service as at 30 June 2023	Number of residential properties which are billed for refuse removal	Last Value	Infrastructure Development	1 346	1 341	0	1 346	1 341	0
TL155	Finance and Administration	Innovation and Culture	Improve the standards of living of all people in Laingsburg	Provide free 50kWh electricity to indigent households as at 30 June 2023	Number of households receiving free basic electricity	Last Value	Social Development	464	456	0	464	456	0
TL156	Finance and Administration	Innovation and Culture	Improve the standards of living of all people in Laingsburg	Provide free 6kl water to indigent households as at 30 June 2023	Number of households receiving free basic water	Last Value	Social Development	743	617	O	743	617	O
TL157	Finance and Administration	Innovation and Culture	Improve the standards of living of all people in Laingsburg	Provide free basic sanitation to indigent households as at 30 June 2023	Number of households receiving free basic sanitation services	Last Value	Social Development	731	613	0	731	613	O

QUARTERLY PERFORMANCE ASSESMENT REPORT Q 2 of 2022/2023

TL158	Finance and Administration	Innovation and Culture	Improve the standards of living of all people in Laingsburg	Provide free basic refuse removal to indigent households as at 30 June 2023	Number of households receiving free basic refuse removal services	Last Value	Social Development	753	630	O	753	630	O
TL159	Finance and Administration	Innovation and Culture	To achieve financial viability in order to render affordable services to residents	Financial viability measured in terms of the municipality's ability to meet its service debt obligations at 30 June 2023 [(Short Term Borrowing + Bank Overdraft + Short Term Lease + Long Term Borrowing + Long Term Lease) / (Total Operating Revenue - Operating Conditional Grant) x 100]	Debt coverage ratio as at 30 June 2023	Reverse Last Value	Financial Development	0.00%	0.00%	N/A	0.00%	0.00%	N/A

QUARTERLY PERFORMANCE ASSESMENT REPORT Q 2 of 2022/2023

TL160	Finance and Administration	Innovation and Culture	To achieve financial viability in order to render affordable services to residents	Financial viability measured in % in terms of the total amount of outstanding service debtors in comparison with total revenue received for services at 30 June 2023 [(Total outstanding service debtors/annual revenue received for services)x 100]	% outstanding service debtors at 30 June 2023	Reverse Last Value	Financial Development	0.00%	0.00%	N/A	0.00%	0.00%	N/A
TL161	Finance and Administration	Innovation and Culture	To achieve financial viability in order to render affordable services to residents	Financial viability measured in terms of the available cash to cover fixed operating expenditure at 30 June 2023 [(Cash and Cash Equivalents - Unspent Conditional Grants - Overdraft) + Short Term Investment /	Cost coverage ratio as at 30 June 2023	Last Value	Financial Development	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A

				Monthly Fixed Operational Expenditure excluding (Depreciation, Amortisation, and Provision for Bad Debts, Impairment and Loss on Disposal of Assets)]									
TL162	Municipal Manager	Innovation and Culture	To create an institution with skilled employees to provide a professional service to its clientele guided by municipal values	The number of people from employment equity target groups employed (to be appointed) by 30 June 2023 in the three highest levels of management in compliance with the equity plan	Number of people employed (to be appointed) by 30 June 2023	Accumula tive	Institutional Development	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A
TL163	Municipal Manager	Growth and Jobs	Promote local economic development	Create job opportunities through EPWP and LED projects by 30 June 2023	Number of job opportunities created by 30 June 2023	Accumula tive	Local Economic Development	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A
TL164	Municipal Manager	Innovation and Culture	To create an institution with skilled employees to provide a	Develop a Risk Based Audit Plan for 2023/24 and submit to the Audit Committee	RBAP submitted to the Audit Committee by 30 June 2023	Carry Over	Institutional Development	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A

			professional service to its clientele guided by municipal values	for consideration by 30 June 2023									
TL165	Municipal Manager	Growth and Jobs	Provision of infrastructure to deliver improved services to all residents and business	The percentage of the municipal capital budget actually spent on capital projects by 30 June 2023 [(Amount actually spent on capital projects/ Amount budgeted for capital projects)x100]	% of capital budget spent on capital projects	Last Value	Infrastructure Development	40.00 %	42.00 %	G2	40.00 %	42.00 %	G2
TL166	Municipal Manager	Innovation and Culture	To create an institution with skilled employees to provide a professional service to its clientele guided by municipal values	Develop and distribute at least two municipal newsletters by 30 June 2023	Number of municipal newsletters developed and distributed	Accumula tive	Institutional Development	1	1	G	1	1	G
TL167	Community Services	Safe and Cohesive Communiti es	Developing a safe, clean, healthy and sustainable	Review the Disaster Management Plan and submit	Reviewed Disaster Management Plan	Carry Over	Unspecified	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A

			environment for communities	to Council by 31 March 2023	submitted to Council by 31 March 2023								
TL168	Infrastructure Services	Growth and Jobs	Effective Maintenance and manage of municipal assets and natural resources	Spend 75% of the electricity maintenance budget by 30 June 2023 [(Actual expenditure on maintenance divided by the total approved maintenance budget)x100]	% of the maintenance budget spent	Last Value	Infrastructure Development	0.00%	0.00%	N/A	0.00%	0.00%	N/A
TL169	Infrastructure Services	Growth and Jobs	Effective Maintenance and manage of municipal assets and natural resources	Spend 75% of the water maintenance budget by 30 June 2023 [(Actual expenditure on maintenance divided by the total approved maintenance budget)x100]	% of the maintenance budget spent	Last Value	Infrastructure Development	0.00%	0.00%	N/A	0.00%	0.00%	N/A
TL170	Infrastructure Services	Growth and Jobs	Effective Maintenance and manage of municipal assets and natural	Spend 75% of the sewerage maintenance budget by 30 June 2023 [(Actual	% of the maintenance budget spent	Last Value	Infrastructure Development	0.00%	0.00%	N/A	0.00%	0.00%	N/A

			resources	expenditure on maintenance divided by the total approved maintenance budget)x100]									
TL171	Infrastructure Services	Growth and Jobs	Effective Maintenance and manage of municipal assets and natural resources	Spend 75% of the refuse removal maintenance budget by 30 June 2023 [(Actual expenditure on maintenance divided by the total approved maintenance budget)x100]	% of the maintenance budget spent	Last Value	Infrastructure Development	0.00%	0.00%	N/A	0.00%	0.00%	N/A
TL172	Infrastructure Services	Innovation and Culture	Effective Maintenance and manage of municipal assets and natural resources	Limit the % electricity unaccounted for to less than 10% by 30 June 2023 [(Number of Electricity Units Purchased - Number of Electricity Units Sold) / Number of Electricity Units Purchased) × 100]	% electricity unaccounted for by 30 June	Reverse Last Value	Infrastructure Development	0.00%	0.00%	N/A	0.00%	0.00%	N/A

TL173	Infrastructure Services	Innovation and Culture	Effective Maintenance and manage of municipal assets and natural resources	Limit unaccounted for water to less than 30% by 30 June 2023 [(Number of Kilolitres Water Purchased or Purified - Number of Kilolitres Water Sold) / Number of Kilolitres Water Purchased or Purified × 100]	% of water unaccounted	Reverse Last Value	Infrastructure Development	0.00%	0.00%	N/A	0.00%	0.00%	N/A
TL174	Infrastructure Services	Growth and Jobs	Effective Maintenance and manage of municipal assets and natural resources	95% of water samples comply with SANS241 micro biological indicators [(Number of water samples that comply with SANS241 indicators/Numb er of water samples tested)x100]	% of water samples compliant	Last Value	Environmenta I & Spatial Development	0.00%	0.00%	N/A	0.00%	0.00%	N/A

TL175	Infrastructure Services	Growth and Jobs	Effective Maintenance and manage of municipal assets and natural resources	95% of effluent samples comply with permit values in terms of SANS 242 by 30 June 2023 [(Number of effluent samples that comply with permit values/Number of effluent samples tested)x100]	% of effluent samples compliant	Last Value	Environmenta I & Spatial Development	0.00%	0.00%	N/A	0.00%	0.00%	N/A
TL176	Infrastructure Services	Safe and Cohesive Communiti es	Provision of infrastructure to deliver improved services to all residents and business	95% of the approved project budget spent on the Storm Water Conveyance in the Laingsburg Municipality area by 30 June 2023 [(Actual expenditure divided by the total approved project budget) x100]	% of budget spent by 30 June 2023	Last Value	Infrastructure Development	40.00 %	42.00 %	G2	40.00 %	42.00 %	G2

TL177	Infrastructure Services	Safe and Cohesive Communiti es	Provision of infrastructure to deliver improved services to all residents and business	95% of the approved project budget spent on Waste Water Reticulation in Matjiesforntein by 30 June 2023 [(Actual expenditure divided by the total approved project budget) x100]	% of budget spent by 30 June 2023	Last Value	Infrastructure Development	40.00 %	48.00 %	G2	40.00 %	48.00 %	G2
TL178	Infrastructure Services	Safe and Cohesive Communiti es	Provision of infrastructure to deliver improved services to all residents and business	Upgrade the Waste Water Treatment Works (WWTW) in Matjiesfontein by 30 June 2023	Number of WWTW upgraded	Last Value	Infrastructure Development	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A

Overall Summary of Results

N/A	KPI Not Yet	KPIs with	19
	Applicable	no targets	
		or actuals	
		in the	
		selected	
		period.	
R	KPI Not Met	0% <=	0
		Actual/Tar	
		get <=	

	Total KPIs:		31
		get	
		Actual/Tar	
	Well Met	<=	
В	KPI Extremely	150.000%	0
		149.999%	
		get <=	
		Actual/Tar	
		<=	
G2	KPI Well Met	100.001%	4
		100%)	
		get =	
		(Actual/Tar	
_		Target	
		meets	
G	KPI Met	Actual	1
		99.999%	
		get <=	
		Actual/Tar	
	Met	<=	
0	KPI Almost	75.000%	7
		74.999%	

SECTION 7 – IN-YEAR BUDGET STATEMENT TABLES

The tables included in section 4 of this report are from the C Schedule Monthly Budget Statements legislated as part of the Municipal Budget and Reporting Regulations (MBRR) and reflects the figures of last month of the quarter. All material variances, in other words variances of more than 10%, regarding the financial performance as per table C4; Capital expenditure table as per C5; Financial Position as per table C6 and/or Cash flow as per tableC7 are listed with reasons and remedial/corrective measures in table SC1 following table C7.

Table C1: Monthly Budget Statement Summary

WC051 Laingsburg - Table C1 Monthly Budget Statement Summary - Q2 Second Quarter

	2020/21		,	····	Budget Year	2022/23	,	,	
Description	Audited	Original	Adjusted	Monthly	YearTD	YearTD	YTD	YTD	Full Year
	Outcome	Budget	Budget	actual	actual	budget	variance	variance	Forecast
R thousands								%	
Financial Performance									
Property rates	4 657	5 334	_	(9)	5 133	2 667	2 466	92%	5 334
Service charges	22 834	26 075	-	5 428	10 674	13 038	(2 364)	-18%	26 075
Inv estment revenue	423	340	-	101	193	170	23	14%	340
Transfers and subsidies	24 563	25 082	-	6 662	15 706	12 541	3 165	25%	25 082
Other own revenue	28 474	42 612	-	9 703	19 451	21 306	(1 855)	-9%	42 612
Total Revenue (excluding capital transfers	80 953	99 443	-	21 885	51 157	49 721	1 436	3%	99 443
and contributions)									
Employ ee costs	29 885	31 059	-	8 332	15 843	15 529	314	2%	31 059
Remuneration of Councillors	3 172	3 300	-	905	1 690	1 650	40	2%	3 300
Depreciation & asset impairment	9 305	7 219	-	1 620	3 239	3 609	(370)	-10%	7 219
Finance charges	2 996	953	-	0	0	477	(477)	-100%	953
Materials and bulk purchases	14 326	16 229	-	2 733	7 021	8 114	(1 094)	-13%	16 229
Transfers and subsidies	181	356	-	8	10	178	(167)	-94%	356
Other expenditure	41 424	50 770	-	9 813	20 006	25 385	(5 379)	-21%	50 770
Total Expenditure	101 289	109 885	-	23 412	47 811	54 943	(7 132)	-13%	109 885
Surplus/(Deficit)	(20 336)	(10 443)	-	(1 527)	3 346	(5 221)	8 568	-164%	(10 443)
Transfers and subsidies - capital (monetary alloc	12 904	23 887	-	6 755	8 863	11 943	(3 080)	-26%	23 887
Contributions & Contributed assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Surplus/(Deficit) after capital transfers &	(7 432)	13 444	-	5 228	12 210	6 722	5 488	82%	13 444
contributions	, ,								
Share of surplus/ (deficit) of associate	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		_
Surplus/ (Deficit) for the year	(7 432)	13 444	_	5 228	12 210	6 722	5 488	82%	13 444
	(* :)				1 - 1 - 1				
Capital expenditure & funds sources									
Capital expenditure		24 039	-	5 727	8 896	12 019	(3 123)	-26%	24 039
Capital transfers recognised	-	23 887	-	5 727	8 855	11 943	(3 088)	-26%	23 887
Public contributions & donations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Borrowing	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Internally generated funds	_	152	_	_	41	76	(35)	-47%	152
Total sources of capital funds	-	24 039	-	5 727	8 896	12 019	(3 123)	-26%	24 039
Financial position									
Total current assets	17 339	24 241	-		27 169				24 241
Total non current assets	214 618	217 762	-		220 278				217 762
Total current liabilities	16 393	31 729	-		21 261				31 729
Total non current liabilities	24 797	14 288	-		24 797				14 288
Community wealth/Equity	198 199	195 985	_		201 389				195 985
Cook flows									
Cash flows	02 407	05 445		0.146	18 469	14 120	(4.220)	240/	28 261
Net cash from (used) operating	23 187 (7 866)	25 145	-	8 146		14 130	(4 338) (8 561)	-31%	(32 036)
Net cash from (used) investing		(23 887)	_	(6 767)	(7 458)		i ' '		
Net cash from (used) financing	(46)	(3)	-	(24)	(43)		8	-2364%	(3)
Cash/cash equivalents at the month/year end	3 090	13 593	-	-	8 534	10 448	1 914	18%	(6 213)
Debtors & creditors analysis	0-30 Days	31-60 Days	61-90 Days	91-120 Days	121-150 Dys	151-180 Dys	181 Dys- 1 Yr	Over 1Yr	Total
Debtors Age Analysis									
Total By Income Source	2 928	535	414	1 680	301	307	7 434	_	13 599
Creditors Age Analysis									
Total Creditors	767	_	_	_	-	-	_	_	767
		•	0				0		

Table C2: Financial Performance (Functional Classification)

WC051 Laingsburg - Table C2 Monthly Budget Statement - Financial Performance (functional classification) - Q2 Second Quarter

		2020/21				Budget Year 2	2022/23			
Description	Ref	Audited	Original	Adjusted	Monthly	YearTD	YearTD	YTD	YTD	Full Year
•		Outcome	Budget	Budget	actual	actual	budget	variance	variance	Forecast
R thousands	1		•						%	
Revenue - Functional										
Governance and administration		38 062	52 542	-	13 415	28 812	26 271	2 541	10%	34 585
Executive and council		-	-	-	-	-	-	_		2 521
Finance and administration		38 062	52 542	-	13 415	28 812	26 271	2 541	10%	32 065
Internal audit		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Community and public safety		1 723	1 645	-	410	816	822	(7)	-1%	34 140
Community and social services		1 702	1 626	-	407	810	813	(3)	0%	1 265
Sport and recreation		2	4	-	-	-	2	(2)	-100%	24
Public safety		-	_	-	-	-	_	_		32 839
Housing		16	15	-	3	6	7	(1)	-18%	11
Health		3	_	-	-	-	_	_ `		1
Economic and environmental services		6 163	3 446	-	156	970	1 723	(753)	-44%	1 304
Planning and development		2 054	1 149	-	52	323	574	(251)	-44%	_
Road transport		4 108	2 298	_	104	647	1 149	(502)	-44%	1 304
Environmental protection		_		_	_	_	_	(31)		_
Trading services		27 563	31 411	_	5 775	12 063	15 706	(3 643)	-23%	24 600
Energy sources		16 939	19 733	_	3 616	7 453	9 867	(2 414)	-24%	15 414
Water management		4 313	4 997	_	909	1 766	2 498	(732)	-29%	4 009
Waste water management		3 271	3 391	_	616	1 403	1 695	(292)	-17%	2 793
Waste management		3 039	3 290	_	633	1 441	1 645	(204)	-12%	2 385
Other	4	0 000	3 230	_	-		1 040	(204)	-12/0	2 303
Total Revenue - Functional	2	73 510	89 044	-	19 756	42 661	44 522	(1 861)	-4%	94 630
Expenditure - Functional	1							<u> </u>		
Governance and administration		32 138	36 051	_	6 874	13 392	18 026	(4 634)	-26%	28 259
		8 562	8 201	_	2 116	4 050	4 101		-1%	9 682
Executive and council		23 576	27 850	-		9 341	13 925	(50)	-33%	
Finance and administration Internal audit		23 370	27 000	-	4 759	9 341	13 925	(4 584)	-33%	18 577
				_		4.050			00/	20.000
Community and public safety		1 740	2 313	-	558	1 052	1 157	(104)	-9%	36 208
Community and social services		1 366	1 620	-	422	780	810	(30)	-4%	2 188
Sport and recreation		248	518	-	114	219	259	(40)	-15%	26
Public safety		51	107	-	22	48	54	(6)	-11%	33 784
Housing		72 3	25	_	- (4)	6	12	(6)	-49%	207
Health		-	43	-	(1)	(1)	21	(22)	-105%	4
Economic and environmental services		38 569	36 398	-	9 271	20 140	18 199	1 941	11%	3 556
Planning and development		14 277	13 794	-	3 577	7 597	6 897	700	10%	1 324
Road transport		24 291	22 604	-	5 694	12 543	11 302	1 241	11%	2 231
Environmental protection				-		-	-			
Trading services		27 552	27 151	-	5 016	11 136	13 576	(2 440)	-18%	26 022
Energy sources		12 943	15 514	-	2 706	6 753	7 757	(1 004)	-13%	9 270
Water management		4 825	5 299	-	1 221	2 282	2 650	(368)	-14%	2 933
Waste water management		3 282	3 413	-	695	1 275	1 707	(432)	-25%	12 195
Waste management	9	6 502	2 924	-	394	826	1 462	(636)	-44%	1 625
Other		375	464	-	89	189	232	(43)	-19%	7
Total Expenditure - Functional	3	100 374	102 378	-	21 808	45 908	51 189	(5 281)	-10%	94 052
Surplus/ (Deficit) for the year		(26 864)	(13 334)	-	(2 052)	(3 247)	(6 667)	3 420	-51%	578

Table C3: Financial Performance (Revenue and Expenditure by Municipal Vote)

WC051 Laingsburg - Table C3 Monthly Budget Statement - Financial Performance (revenue and expenditure by municipal vote) - Q2 Second Quarter

Vote Description		2020/21				Budget Year 2	2022/23			
	Ref	Audited	Original	Adjusted	Monthly	YearTD	YearTD	YTD	YTD	Full Year
	Kei	Outcome	Budget	Budget	actual	actual	budget	variance	variance	Forecast
R thousands									%	
Revenue by Vote	1									
Vote 1 - MAYORAL & COUNCIL		-	-	-	_	-	-	-		-
Vote 2 - MUNICIPAL MANAGER		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		_
Vote 3 - CORPORATE SERVICES		2 963	2 853	-	646	1 320	1 427	(107)	-7,5%	2 853
Vote 4 - BUDGET & TREASURY		35 098	49 689	_	12 769	27 492	24 844	2 648	10,7%	49 689
Vote 5 - PLANNING AND DEVEOLPMENT		_	_	_	_	_	_	_		_
Vote 6 - COMMUNITY AND SOCIAL SERV		1 703	1 626	_	407	810	813	(3)	-0,4%	1 626
Vote 7 - SPORTS AND RECREATION		2	4	_	_	_	2	(2)	-100,0%	4
Vote 8 - HOUSING		16	15	-	3	6	7	(1)	-18,1%	15
Vote 9 - PUBLIC SAFETY		24 456	36 583	-	8 988	18 006	18 291	(285)	-1,6%	36 583
Vote 10 - ROAD TRANSPORT		2 054	1 149	-	52	323	574	(251)	-43,7%	1 149
Vote 11 - WASTE MANAGEMENT		3 039	3 290	-	633	1 441	1 645	(204)	-12,4%	3 290
Vote 12 - WASTE WATER MANAGEMENT		3 271	3 391	-	616	1 403	1 695	(292)	-17,2%	3 391
Vote 13 - WATER		4 313	4 997	-	909	1 766	2 498	(732)	-29,3%	4 997
Vote 14 - ELECTRICITY		16 939	19 733	-	3 616	7 453	9 867	(2 414)	-24,5%	19 733
Vote 15 - [NAME OF VOTE 15]		-	-	-	-	-	-	_		_
Total Revenue by Vote	2	93 856	123 329	-	28 640	60 021	61 665	(1 644)	-2,7%	123 329
Expenditure by Vote	1									
Vote 1 - MAYORAL & COUNCIL		5 090	5 116	-	1 228	2 384	2 436	(52)	-2,1%	4 871
Vote 2 - MUNICIPAL MANAGER		3 472	3 086	-	888	1 666	1 543	124	8,0%	3 086
Vote 3 - CORPORATE SERVICES		8 046	10 103	_	2 111	3 580	5 051	(1 471)	-29,1%	10 103
Vote 4 - BUDGET & TREASURY		15 891	18 197	_	2 736	5 935	9 099	(3 164)	-34,8%	18 197
Vote 5 - PLANNING AND DEVEOLPMENT		711	831	-	244	442	415	27	6,4%	831
Vote 6 - COMMUNITY AND SOCIAL SERV		1 367	1 642	_	422	779	821	(42)	-5,1%	1 642
Vote 7 - SPORTS AND RECREATION		262	533	_	114	234	266	(32)	-12,1%	533
Vote 8 - HOUSING		72	25	_	_	6	12	(6)	-48,7%	25
Vote 9 - PUBLIC SAFETY		26 493	31 161	-	7 806	15 376	15 581	(204)	-1,3%	31 161
Vote 10 - ROAD TRANSPORT		12 146	11 302	_	2 847	6 271	5 651	620	11,0%	11 302
Vote 11 - WASTE MANAGEMENT		6 502	2 924	-	394	826	1 462	(636)	-43,5%	2 924
Vote 12 - WASTE WATER MANAGEMENT		3 282	3 413	-	695	1 275	1 707	(432)	-25,3%	3 413
Vote 13 - WATER		4 825	5 299	-	1 221	2 282	2 650	(368)	-13,9%	5 299
Vote 14 - ELECTRICITY		12 943	15 514	-	2 706	6 753	7 757	(1 004)	-12,9%	15 514
Vote 15 - [NAME OF VOTE 15]		-	-	-	-	-	-			-
Total Expenditure by Vote	2	101 101	109 146	-	23 412	47 811	54 451	(6 640)	-12,2%	108 902
Surplus/ (Deficit) for the year	2	(7 245)	14 184	-	5 228	12 210	7 214	4 996	69,3%	14 428

Table C4: Financial Performance (Revenue and Expenditure)

WC051 Laingsburg - Table C4 Monthly Budget Statement - Financial Performance (revenue and expenditure) - Q2 Second Quarter

WC051 Lamgsburg - Table C4 Monthly Budget		2020/21				Budget Year				
Description	Ref	Audited	Original	Adjusted	Monthly	YearTD	YearTD	YTD	YTD	Full Year
·		Outcome	Budget	Budget	actual	actual	budget	variance	variance	Forecast
R thousands				3			5		%	
Revenue By Source									- "	
Property rates		4 657	5 334	_	(9)	5 133	2 667	2 466	92%	5 334
Service charges - electricity revenue		15 637	18 449	_	3 524	7 093	9 224	(2 131)	-23%	18 449
Service charges - water revenue		3 088	3 416	_	817	1 395	1 708	(314)	1	3 416
Service charges - sanitation revenue		2 079	2 071	_	531	1 054	1 036	19	2%	2 071
Service charges - refuse revenue		2 030	2 139	_	556	1 131	1 069	62	6%	2 139
Service charges - other		_	_	_	_	_	_	_		_
Rental of facilities and equipment		1 795	1 755	-	395	890	877	12	1%	1 755
Interest earned - external investments		423	340	-	101	193	170	23	14%	340
Interest earned - outstanding debtors		735	748	-	226	402	374	28	8%	748
Dividends received		_	_	-	-	-	-	_		_
Fines, penalties and forfeits		23 990	35 642	-	8 950	17 917	17 821	96	1%	35 642
Licences and permits		467	942	-	38	89	471	(382)	-81%	942
Agency services		194	210	-	50	101	105	(4)	-4%	210
Transfers and subsidies		24 563	25 082	-	6 662	15 706	12 541	3 165	25%	25 082
Other revenue		1 293	3 309	-	45	52	1 655	(1 602)	-97%	3 309
Gains on disposal of PPE		-	6	-	-	-	3	(3)	-100%	6
Total Revenue (excluding capital transfers and		80 953	99 443	-	21 885	51 157	49 721	1 436	3%	99 443
contributions)										
Expenditure By Type										
Employee related costs		29 885	31 059	-	8 332	15 843	15 529	314	2%	31 059
Remuneration of councillors		3 172	3 300	_	905	1 690	1 650	40	2%	3 300
Debt impairment		24 642	29 471	_	6 599	13 197	14 735	(1 538)	-10%	29 471
· '		9 305	7 219	_	1 620	3 239	3 609	(370)	-10%	7 219
Depreciation & asset impairment				-			1	` '	1	
Finance charges		2 996	953	-	0	0	477	(477)	-100%	953
Bulk purchases		11 735	12 600	-	2 139	5 931	6 300	(369)	-6%	12 600
Other materials		2 591	3 629	-	595	1 090	1 814	(724)	-40%	3 629
Contracted services		5 966	8 150	-	1 531	3 135	4 079	(944)	-23%	8 175
Transfers and subsidies		181	356	-	8	10	178	(167)	-94%	356
Other expenditure		10 961	13 150	-	1 684	3 675	6 571	(2 896)	-44%	13 125
Loss on disposal of PPE		(146)	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Total Expenditure		101 289	109 885	-	23 412	47 811	54 943	(7 132)	-13%	109 885
Surplus/(Deficit) Transiers and subsidies - capital (monetary allocations)		(20 336)	(10 443)	-	(1 527)	3 346	(5 221)	8 568	(0)	(10 443)
(National / Provincial and District)		12 904	23 887	-	6 755	8 863	11 943	(3 080)	(0)	23 887
(National / Provincial Departmental Agencies,								· '	. ,	
Households, Non-profit Institutions, Private Enterprises,										
Public Corporatons, Higher Educational Institutions)										
l ' '		_	_	_	_	_	_	_		_
Transfers and subsidies - capital (in-kind - all)		/7 40C	-	_	-	-		_		-
Surplus/(Deficit) after capital transfers &		(7 432)	13 444	-	5 228	12 210	6 722			13 444
contributions										
Tax ation		_	_	-	-	-	-	-		_
Surplus/(Deficit) after taxation		(7 432)	13 444	-	5 228	12 210	6 722			13 444
Attributable to minorities		-	-	-	-	-	-			-
Surplus/(Deficit) attributable to municipality		(7 432)	13 444	-	5 228	12 210	6 722			13 444
Share of surplus/ (deficit) of associate		_	_	-	-	-	-			-
Surplus/ (Deficit) for the year		(7 432)	13 444	-	5 228	12 210	6 722			13 444

The Municipality has generated 50% or R49 721 million of the Budgeted Revenue to date which is lower than the budgeted amounts. The largest part of the grants received forms part of the Equitable Share Allocation for the financial year.

Table C5: Capital Expenditure (Municipal Vote, Standard Classification and Funding)

WC051 Laingsburg - Table C5 Monthly Budget Statement - Capital Expenditure (municipal vote, functional classification and funding) - Q2 Second Quarter

		2020/21				Budget Year 2	2022/23			
Vote Description	Ref	Audited	Original	Adjusted	Monthly	YearTD	YearTD	YTD	YTD	Full Year
		Outcome	Budget	Budget	actual	actual	budget	variance	variance	Forecast
R thousands	1								%	
Vote 7 - SPORTS AND RECREATION		_	20	-	_	12	10	2	20%	20
Vote 8 - HOUSING		_	-	-	_	-	_	-		-
Vote 9 - PUBLIC SAFETY		_	_	_	_	_	_	_		-
Vote 10 - ROAD TRANSPORT		_	6 559	_	1 399	2 634	3 279	(646)	-20%	6 559
Vote 11 - WASTE MANAGEMENT		_	_	_	_	_	_	l `- ´		-
Vote 12 - WASTE WATER MANAGEMENT		_	17 460	_	4 328	6 250	8 730	(2 480)	-28%	17 460
Vote 13 - WATER		_	_	_	_	_	_	\ _ <i>'</i>		-
Vote 14 - ELECTRICITY		_	_	_	_	_	_	_		-
Vote 15 - [NAME OF VOTE 15]		_	-	-	_	-	_	_		-
Total Capital single-year expenditure	4	_	24 039	-	5 727	8 896	12 019	(3 123)	-26%	24 039
Total Capital Expenditure	1	-	24 039	-	5 727	8 896	12 019	(3 123)	-26%	24 039
Capital Expenditure - Functional Classification	T							•		
Governance and administration		_		_			_			
Executive and council		_	-	_	_	_		_		-
Finance and administration			-	_	-	-	-	_		,
Internal audit		_	-	_	-	_	-	_		· _
		_	52	_	_	32	26	- 6	24%	- 52
Community and public safety		_	52	_	_	32		_ 0	24%	52 _
Community and social services		_	52	-	-	32	26	- 6	24%	- 52
Sport and recreation		_	52	-	-	32	20	0	2470	52
Public safety		_	_	-	_	-	_	_		-
Housing		-	-	-	-	-	-	_		-
Health		-	-	-	-	-	-	_		-
Economic and environmental services		-	-	-	-	-	-	_		-
Planning and development		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Road transport		-	-	-	-	-	-	_		-
Environmental protection		-	- 00.007	-	- 5 707	- 0.000	-	(2.420)	000/	- 00.007
Trading services		-	23 987	-	5 727	8 863	11 993	(3 130)	-26%	23 987
Energy sources		-	-	-	-	-	-	_		-
Water management		-	-	-	-	-	-	(0.400)	000/	-
Waste water management		-	23 987	-	5 727	8 863	11 993	(3 130)	-26%	23 987
Waste management		-	-	-	-	-	-	_		-
Other	3	_ -	24 039		5 727	8 896	12 019	(3 123)	-26%	24 039
Total Capital Expenditure - Functional Classification	3	_	24 039	_	3 121	0 090	12 019	(3 123)	-20%	24 039
Funded by:								0		
National Government		-	23 887	-	5 727	8 855	11 943	(3 088)	-26%	23 887
Provincial Government		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
District Municipality		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Other transfers and grants		_	-	-	-	-	_	_		-
Transfers recognised - capital		-	23 887	-	5 727	8 855	11 943	(3 088)	-26%	23 887
Public contributions & donations	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Borrowing	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	_		-
Internally generated funds		-	152	_	-	41	76	(35)	-47%	152
Total Capital Funding		-	24 039	-	5 727	8 896	12 019	(3 123)	-26%	24 039

Table C6: Financial Position

WC051 Laingsburg - Table C6 Monthly Budget Statement - Financial Position - Q2 Second Quarter

Description		2020/21	Budget Year 2022/23							
Description	Ref	Audited	Original	Adjusted	YearTD	Full Year				
		Outcome	Budget	Budget	actual	Forecast				
R thousands	1		-							
<u>ASSETS</u>										
Current assets										
Cash		2 638	11 818	-	8 082	11 818				
Call investment deposits		452	1 775	-	452	1 775				
Consumer debtors		3 484	(2 418)	-	4 413	(2 418)				
Other debtors		10 459	12 425	-	13 917	12 425				
Current portion of long-term receiv ables		-	-	-	-	-				
Inv entory		306	641	-	304	641				
Total current assets		17 339	24 241	_	27 169	24 241				
Non current assets										
Long-term receivables		14	14	-	18	14				
Investments		_	-	_	-	-				
Investment property		23 414	23 416	_	23 414	23 416				
Investments in Associate		_	_	_	-	-				
Property, plant and equipment		191 116	194 086	_	196 181	194 086				
Agricultural		_	_	-	-	_				
Biological		_	_	_	-	-				
Intangible		30	202	-	622	202				
Other non-current assets		43	43	_	43	43				
Total non current assets	***********	214 618	217 762	-	220 278	217 762				
TOTAL ASSETS		231 957	242 003	-	247 447	242 003				
<u>LIABILITIES</u>										
Current liabilities										
Bank overdraft		_	_	-	-	-				
Borrowing		_	_	_	-	_				
Consumer deposits		850	802	_	852	802				
Trade and other payables		12 536	7 501	_	17 535	7 501				
Provisions		3 008	23 426	_	2 873	23 426				
Total current liabilities		16 393	31 729	-	21 261	31 729				
Non current liabilities										
Borrowing		3	1	_	3	1				
Provisions		24 794	14 287	_	24 794	14 287				
Total non current liabilities		24 797	14 288	_	24 797	14 288				
TOTAL LIABILITIES		41 190	46 017	-	46 058	46 017				
NET ASSETS	2	190 767	195 985	_	201 389	195 985				
COMMUNITY WEALTH/EQUITY			-							
Accumulated Surplus/(Deficit)		198 199	195 985	_	201 389	195 985				
Reserves		-	-	_	201 000	- 130 303				
TOTAL COMMUNITY WEALTH/EQUITY	2	198 199	195 985	_	201 389	195 985				
TOTAL COMINIONITY WEALIN/EQUIT		130 133	190 900	_	201 309	190 900				

Explanatory notes to Table C6 – Financial Position

Current Assets

It must be noted that the classification requirements (As per the tables in Section 4) as prescribe by National Treasury. The current assets amounted to R 27 169 mil as at 31 December 2022 (R 23 774 mil as at 30 September 2022), the classification below complies with the GRAP disclosure format.

Non-Current Assets

The classification requirements are almost aligned to the GRAP requirements. The depreciation and amortization run on all applicable capital assets still needs to be performed.

Current Liabilities

Current Liabilities are those liabilities of the municipality due and payable in the short-term (less than 12 months). Current Liabilities amounted to R 21 261 mil as at 31 December 2022 (R 17 844 million as at 30 September 2022).

Non-Current Liabilities

The non-current provisions are created in order to enable the municipality to be in a position to fulfill its known legal obligations when they become due and payable. Non -current provisions, National Treasury's budget formats do not provide for a line item where non-current deposits can be accounted for and thus was included in non-current provisions.

Community wealth/Equity

The reserves amount is represented by the Capital Replacement Reserve as at 31 December 2022 amounted to R 0 (R 0 as at 30 September 2022).

The Capital Replacement Reserve is a cash-backed reserve established to enable the municipality to finance future capital expenditure. Cash contributions, depending on the availability thereof, are made annually to the reserve. The municipality is not able to finance its annual infrastructure capital program by means of this reserve.

Table C7: Cash Flow

WC051 Laingsburg - Table C7 Monthly Budget Statement - Cash Flow - Q2 Second Quarter

		2020/21				Budget Year 2	2022/23			
Description	Ref	Audited	Original	Adjusted	Monthly	YearTD	YearTD	YTD	YTD	Full Year
		Outcome	Budget	Budget	actual	actual	budget	variance	variance	Forecast
R thousands	1								%	
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES										
Receipts								-		
Property rates		-	5 407	-	1 150	3 077	4 261	(1 184)	-28%	8 522
Service charges		3 569	33 557	-	6 026	12 233	16 778	(4 545)	-27%	33 557
Other revenue		1 284	13 091	-	3 341	6 025	6 545	(520)	-8%	13 091
Gov ernment - operating		21 054	25 082	-	7 102	18 793	12 541	6 253	50%	25 082
Gov ernment - capital		-	23 887	-	10 899	15 190	11 943	3 246	27%	23 887
Interest		-	340	-	71	124	170	(46)	-27%	340
Dividends		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Payments										
Suppliers and employees		(2 721)	(76 217)	-	(20 444)	(36 973)	(38 109)	(1 135)	3%	(76 217)
Finance charges		-	-	-	(0)	(0)	-	0	#DIV/0!	-
Transfers and Grants		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
NET CASH FROM/(USED) OPERATING ACTIVITIES		23 187	25 145	-	8 146	18 469	14 130	(4 338)	-31%	28 261
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES								wwww		
Receipts										
Proceeds on disposal of PPE		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Decrease (Increase) in non-current debtors		-	-	-	-	-	-	_		-
Decrease (increase) other non-current receivables		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Decrease (increase) in non-current investments		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Payments								•		
Capital assets		(7 866)	(23 887)	-	(6 767)	(7 458)	(16 018)	(8 561)	53%	(32 036)
NET CASH FROM/(USED) INVESTING ACTIVITIES		(7 866)	(23 887)	-	(6 767)	(7 458)	(16 018)	(8 561)	53%	(32 036)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES										
Receipts										
Short term loans		_	_	_	-	-	-	_		_
Borrowing long term/refinancing		_	_	_	-	-	_	_		_
Increase (decrease) in consumer deposits		(46)	(3)	_	(24)	(43)	(2)	(41)	2364%	(3)
Payments		,	(-)		` ′		()	` ′		(-,
Repay ment of borrowing		_	-	-	-	-	-	_		-
NET CASH FROM/(USED) FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(46)	(3)	_	(24)	(43)	(2)	41	-2364%	(3)
NET INCREASE/ (DECREASE) IN CASH HELD		15 275	1 255	_	1 355	10 968	(1 890)			(3 779)
Cash/cash equivalents at beginning:		(12 186)	12 338	_		(2 434)	12 338			(2 434)
Cash/cash equivalents at month/year end:		3 090	13 593	-		8 534	10 448			(6 213)

The Municipality started off with a cash flow balance of R 12 338 million at the 2^{nd} quarter of the year and increased it with R 1 255 000. The closing balance for this quarter is R 13 593 million. The increase in cash flow is due to the receipt of the operational grants. The Municipal Cash flow is mainly from Operating Activities as no Borrowing or Investments are budgeted for the 2022/2023 financial year.

Table SC1 Material variance explanations

WC051 Laingsburg - Supporting Table SC1 Material variance explanations - Q2 Second Quarter

Ref	Description R thousands	Variance	Reasons for material deviations	Remedial or corrective steps/remarks
1	Revenue By Source			
	Property rates Service charges - electricity revenue Service charges - water revenue	(2 131)	property rates are levied during July for the FY Incorrect billing journal correction done Incorrect billing journal correction done	Will smooth out during the FY Correcting journals will be passed Correcting journals will be passed
2	Expenditure By Type			
	Debt impairment Depreciation & asset impairment Other ex penditure	(370)	Year end journals not processed Year end journals not processed Will be investigated	Will be passed at year end Will be passed at year end Corrections will be done if necessary
3	Capital Expenditure			
	Waste water management 0	(2 480) –	Project only started and in beginning phase 0	Will accelarate during the year 0
4	Financial Position			
	Consumer debtors	1 995	Currently the impaiment of traffic fines is included	mSCOA adjustments will balance asset groups
5	Cash Flow			
3	Property rates Service charges Capital assets	(4 545)	Property rates are paid in installments Seasonal movement The waste water project in Matjiesfontein has started late	Will smooth out during the FY Will smooth out during the FY Project is running on schedule
6	Measureable performance			
	0	-	0	0
7	Municipal Entities			

SECTION 8 – DEBTOR ANALYSIS

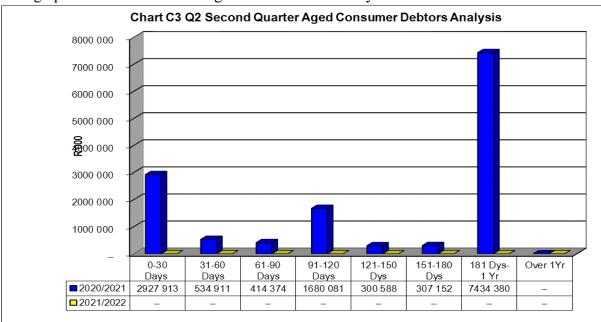
Table SC3 provides an age analysis of consumer debtors as at 31 December 2022.

Table SC3 Debtors Analysis

WC051 Laingsburg - Supporting Table SC3 Monthly Budget Statement - aged debtors - Q2 Second Quarter Budget Year 2022/23 Debts Written 31-60 Davs 61-90 Days 91-120 Days 121-150 Dys ver 90 Rad Dehts it Off against btors Age Analysis By Income Source 1200 1 757 Trade and Other Receivables from Exchange Transactions - Water 1 28 Trade and Other Receivables from Exchange Transactions - Electricity Receivables from Non-exchange Transactions - Property Rates 1 077 1300 2 071 1400 2 864 5 516 4 361 1 662 1 155 Receivables from Exchange Transactions - Waste Water Managem 1500 59 1 132 1 303 Receivables from Exchange Transactions - Waste Manager Receivables from Exchange Transactions - Property Rental Debtors 1700 974 1 312 1 119 Interest on Arrear Debtor Acco 1810 Recoverable unauthorised, irregular, fruitless and wasteful expenditure 1820 1900 Total By Income Source 2000 13 599 9 722 2 928 301 2019/20 - totals only ebtors Age Analysis By Customer Group 2200 1 352 1 09 Organs of State 2 573 4 128 2300 1 494 125 249 1 135 5 668 3 870 6 580

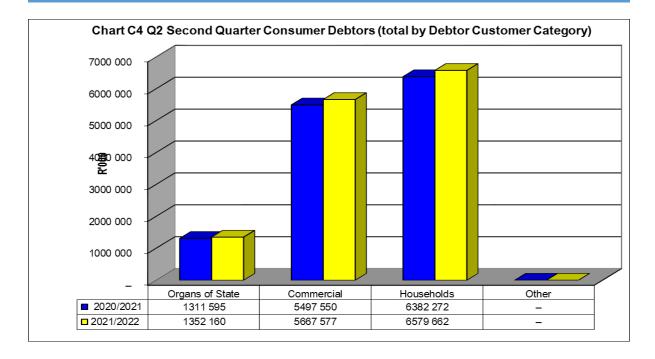
Table C6 (Statement of Financial Position) as at 31 December 2022 shows the total outstanding debtors is R 13, 599 million.

The graph below illustrates the aged consumer debt analysis at 31 December 2022 date.



The graph indicates that the outstanding debt are increasing on a monthly basis but it is slightly higher than 2022/23 financial year, indicating the municipality must put measures in place to prevent it from escalating as the municipality is experiencing cash flow problems.

The graph below illustrates the consumer category debtor arrears. The category is the households followed by the organs of stat.



The above tables explain that the debtor arrears have increased from July 2022 up to the end of December 2022. Household arrears are the highest but all other categories show an increase in outstanding debtors.

SECTION 9 – CREDITOR ANALYSIS (TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES)

Table SC4 provide an age analysis of the creditors (Trade payables) as at 31 December 2022.

Table SC4 Creditors Analysis
WC051 Laingsburg - Supporting Table SC4 Monthly Budget Statement - aged creditors - Q2 Second Quarter

Description	NT				Bu	dget Year 202	2/23				Prior y ear
Description		0-	31 -	61 -	91 -	121 -	151 -	181 Days -	Over 1	Total	totals for chart
R thousands	Code	30 Days	60 Days	90 Days	120 Days	150 Days	180 Days	1 Year	Year		(same period)
Creditors Age Analysis By Customer	Туре										
Bulk Electricity	0100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bulk Water	0200	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PAYE deductions	0300	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VAT (output less input)	0400	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pensions / Retirement deductions	0500	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Loan repay ments	0600	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Trade Creditors	0700	767	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	767	-
Auditor General	0800	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other	0900	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total By Customer Type	1000	767	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	767	_

SECTION 10 – INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO

Table SC5 provides the investment portfolio in the prescribed format of National Treasury. It includes all investments except call deposits. It does not reconcile with the values as per Table C6, the reason being that values in table SC5 is measured at market value. The Municipality normally invests money with interest at maturity. This interest, with the exception of those on a call deposits, is only recognized on date of maturity or the accrued interest as on 30 June of each year. Even with this recognition of accrued interest, the accrual is classified in terms of GRAP as other receivables and not as part of the investments or call deposits.

In order to be classified as an Investment in terms of GRAP the investment must be made for a period longer than 12 months, otherwise it is classified as cash and cash equivalents. Laingsburg Municipality does have monetary investments at present. For the purpose of this section, investments held for a period until maturity is also viewed as investments.

Table SC5 Investment Portfolio

Table SC5 above shows the investment portfolio per month December 2022.

WC051 Laingsburg - Supporting Table SC5 M	/lontl	nly Budget S	Statement -	investment	portfolio -	Q2 Second (Quarter		
			Type of	Expiry date	Accrued	Yield for the	Market	Change in	Market
Investments by maturity		Period of	Investment	of	interest for	month 1	value at	market	value at end
Name of institution & investment ID	Ref	Investment		investment	the month	(%)	beginning	value	of the
							of the		month
R thousands		Yrs/Months					month		
Municipality									
Laingsburg Municipality		-	Call investme	у	-	6,0%	-	-	45
0		-	-	-	-	0,0%	-	-	-
Municipality sub-total					-		-	-	45
Entities									
Entities sub-total		•			-		-	-	-
TOTAL INVESTMENTS AND INTEREST	2				-		-	-	45

SECTION 11 - COUNCILLOR ALLOWANCES AND EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

Table SC 8 provides the councilor and staff benefits per employee related cost type.

Table SC 8 Councilor and staff benefits

		2020/21				Budget Year	2022/23			
Summary of Employee and Councillor remuneration	Ref	Audited	Original	Adjusted	Monthly	YearTD	YearTD	YTD	YTD	Full Year
		Outcome	Budget	Budget	actual	actual	budget	variance	variance	Forecast
R thousands				3			5		%	
	1	A	В	С		***************************************				D
Councillors (Political Office Bearers plus Other)	Ė			- v						
Basic Salaries and Wages		2 657	2 229	_	786	1 480	1 115	365	33%	2 229
Pension and UIF Contributions		_	_	_	-	-	-	_	0070	_
Medical Aid Contributions		_	_	_	_	_	_	_		_
Motor Vehicle Allowance		107	743	_	13	27	372	(345)	-93%	700
Cellphone Allowance		307	328	_	106	183	164	20	12%	328
Housing Allowances		307	-		-	-	-	_	1270	-
Other benefits and allowances		100		_	_	_	_	_		-
Sub Total - Councillors		3 172	3 300		905	1 690	1 650	40	2%	3 25
% increase	4	3 1/2		-	903	1 090	1 030	40	270	
% Increase			4,1%							2,7%
Senior Managers of the Municipality	3									
Basic Salaries and Wages		3 738	3 676	-	913	1 849	1 838	11	1%	3 197
Pension and UIF Contributions		429	479	-	113	227	239	(12)	-5%	371
Medical Aid Contributions		97	101	-	26	53	51	2	4%	200
Overtime		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Performance Bonus		228	205	-	205	205	102	102	100%	-
Motor Vehicle Allowance		546	542	-	137	273	271	2	1%	413
Cellphone Allowance		42	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Housing Allowances		12	11	-	3	6	6	0	6%	22
Other benefits and allowances		0	0	-	0	0	0	(0)	-18%	130
Payments in lieu of leave		_	_	-	-	-	_	_		-
Long service awards		_	_	-	-	-	-	_		-
Post-retirement benefit obligations	2	_	_	_	-	-	-	_		_
Sub Total - Senior Managers of Municipality		5 093	5 015	-	1 397	2 613	2 507	106	4%	4 333
% increase	4		-1,5%							-14,9%
Other Municipal Staff										
Other Municipal Staff		47.044	40.205		4 004	0.057	0.400	(4.44)	00/	45.740
Basic Salaries and Wages		17 211	18 395	-	4 234	9 057	9 198	(141)		15 748
Pension and UIF Contributions		2 461	2 703	-	656	1 321	1 351	(30)		2 190
Medical Aid Contributions		700	892	-	179	364	446	(82)		1 301
Ov ertime		1 039	1 058	-	286	511	529	(18)	1	803
Performance Bonus		1 274	1 364	-	1 198	1 221	682	540	79%	-
Motor Vehicle Allowance		497	516	-	124	249	258	(9)	1	575
Cellphone Allowance		7	-	-	1	2	-	2	#DIV/0!	-
Housing Allowances		51	128	-	12	24	64	(40)	1	158
Other benefits and allowances		246	123	-	80	150	62	89	144%	185
Payments in lieu of leave		377	127	-	-	-	63	(63)		-
Long service awards		(52)	285	-	31	63	143	(79)	1	-
Post-retirement benefit obligations	2	980	453	-	134	268	227	41	18%	_
Sub Total - Other Municipal Staff		24 791	26 044	-	6 935	13 230	13 022	208	2%	20 959
% increase	4		5,1%							-15,5%
Total Parent Municipality		33 056	34 359	-	9 237	17 534	17 179	354	2%	28 550
TOTAL SALARY, ALLOWANCES & BENEFITS		33 056	34 359	-	9 237	17 534	17 179	354	2%	28 550
% increase	4		3,9%							-13,6%
TOTAL MANAGERS AND STAFF		29 885	31 059	-	8 332	15 843	15 529	314	2%	25 293

SECTION 12 - RECEIPT AND EXPENDITURE ON GRANT PROGRAMMES

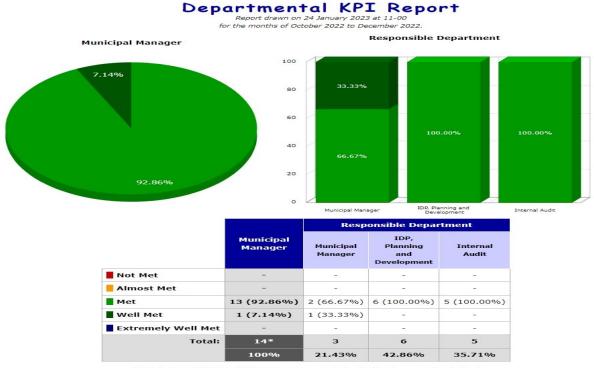
The measurement of actual versus planned receipting of transfers and grants are provided in Table SC 6.

SC6 Transfers and Grant Receipts

WC051 Laingsburg - Supporting Table SC6 Monthly	T	2020/21		unu gianti		Budget Year 2				
Description	Ref		0-1-11	Adlantad	,,	,	,	VTD	VTD	F. II V
Description	Rei	Audited	Original	Adjusted	Monthly	YearTD	YearTD	YTD	YTD	Full Year
D. th		Outcome	Budget	Budget	actual	actual	budget	variance	variance	Forecast
R thousands RECEIPTS:	1,2								%	
RECEIP15:	1,2									
Operating Transfers and Grants									L	
National Government:		22 240	23 307	23 307	6 305	14 951	11 653	3 768	32,3%	23 307
Equitable Share		18 461	20 139	20 139	5 984	13 838	10 070	3 768	37,4%	20 139
Expanded Public Works Programme Integrated Grant		1 898	1 074	1 074	90	358	537			1 074
Local Government Financial Management Grant		1 881	1 750	1 750	146	583	875			1 75
Municipal Infrastructure Grant		-	344	344	86	172	172			34
0		-	-	-	-	-	-			-
0	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
0		-	-	-	-	-	-	_		-
0		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
0		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
0		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Other transfers and grants [insert description]		-	-	-	-	-	-	_		-
Provincial Government:		1 843	1 739	1 739	133	755	870	(114)	-13,2%	1 739
IR: GRANT - COMMUNITY WORK (LOCAL GOV)		110	94	94	-	-	47	(47)	-100,0%	94
IR: GRANT - DEPT CULTURE SPORT		1 684	1 595	1 595	133	797	798			1 59
IR: GRANT - MAIN ROADS		49	50	50	-	(42)	25	(67)	-269,5%	50
0	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
0		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
0		-	-	-	-	-	-			-
0		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
District Municipality:		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
0		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
								-		
Other grant providers:		43	36	36	-	-	18	(18)	-100,0%	36
Public Sector SETA		43	36	36	-	-	18	(18)	-100,0%	36
		-	-	-	-	-	-			-
		-	-	-	-	-	-			-
		-	-	-	-	-	-			-
		-	-	-	-	-	-			-
		-	-	-	-	-	-			-
		_	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Total Operating Transfers and Grants	5	24 126	25 082	25 082	6 438	15 706	12 541	3 636	29,0%	25 082
Capital Transfers and Grants								9		
National Government:		12 404	23 887	23 887	5 727	8 863	11 943	_		23 887
Integrated National Electrification Programme Grant		12 404	23 001	23 001	3 121	0 003	-	-		20 001
Municipal Infrastructure Grant		4 908	6 527	6 527	1 399	2 613	3 263	_		6 527
Water Services Infrastructure Grant		7 496	17 360	17 360	4 328	6 250	8 680			17 360
Table Off Floor minds adotale Glant	-	7 490	-	- 17 300	4 320	- 0 230	- 000			-
Total Capital Transfers and Grants	5	12 404	23 887	23 887	5 727	8 863	11 943	· 		23 887
TOTAL RECEIPTS OF TRANSFERS & GRANTS	5	36 530	48 968	48 968	12 165	24 570	24 484	3 636	14,9%	48 968

SECTION 13 – MATERIAL VARIANCES TO THE SDBIP

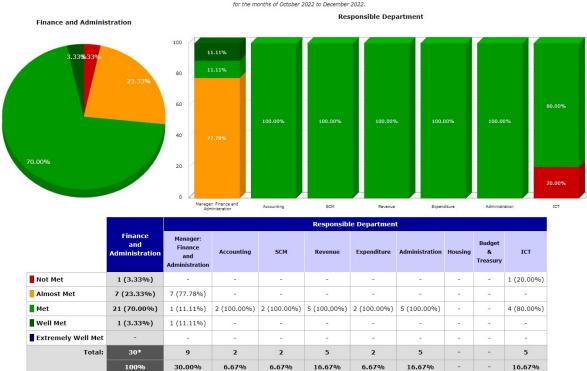
The following graphs provides the Top Level key performance indicators of the municipality per directorate and whether these KPI's were met for the quarter ending December 2022.



^{*} Excludes 29 KPIs which had no targets/actuals for the period selected.

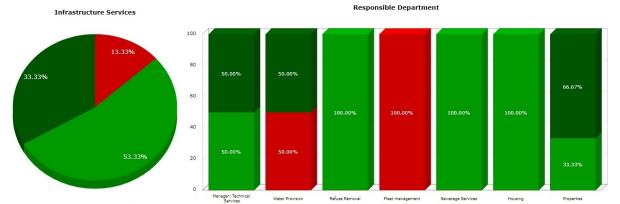
Departmental KPI Report

Report drawn on 24 January 2023 at 11-04 for the months of October 2022 to December 2022.



^{*} Excludes 25 KPIs which had no targets/actuals for the period selected.

Departmental KPI Report Report drawn on 24 January 2023 at 11-13 for the months of October 2022 to December 2022.



					Respons	ible Departm	ent			
	Infrastructure Services	Manager: Technical Services	Water Provision	Refuse Removal	Fleet management	Sewerage Services	Housing	Properties	Road Transport	Electricity
Not Met	2 (13.33%)	-	1 (50.00%)	-	1 (100.00%)	-	165	-		-
Almost Met	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.5	-	-	15
Met	8 (53.33%)	2 (50.00%)	-	2 (100.00%)		2 (100.00%)	1 (100.00%)	1 (33.33%)	-	-
Well Met	5 (33.33%)	2 (50.00%)	1 (50.00%)	-	-	-	-	2 (66.67%)	-	-
Extremely Well Met	-	-	-	-	-	-	1121	-		
Total:	15*	4	2	2	1	2	1	3	-	-
	100%	26.67%	13.33%	13.33%	6.67%	13.33%	6.67%	20.00%	-	-

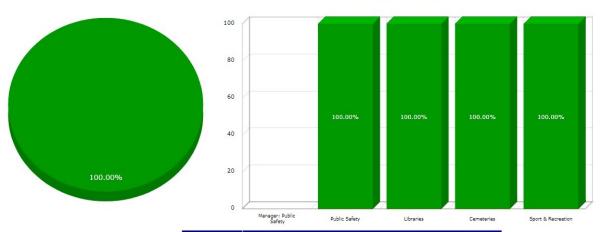
st Excludes 18 KPIs which had no targets/actuals for the period selected.

Departmental KPI Report Report drawn on 24 January 2023 at 11-09

for the months of October 2022 to December 2022.



Responsible Department



	11	Responsible Department											
	Community Services	Manager: Public Safety	Public Safety	Libraries	Cemeteries	Sport & Recreation							
Not Met	-	-	-	-	-	-							
Almost Met	-	-	-	-	-	-							
Met	9 (100.00%)	-	4 (100.00%)	3 (100.00%)	1 (100.00%)	1 (100.00%)							
Well Met	-	1.5	-	-	-	-							
Extremely Well Met	-	-	-	-	-	-							
Total:	9*	0	4	3	1	1							
	100%	0.00%	44.44%	33.33%	11.11%	11.11%							

 $[\]boldsymbol{*}$ Excludes 6 KPIs which had no targets/actuals for the period selected.

Material variances have occurred. For explanations and corrective measures of all immaterial variances to the financial and non-financial indicators please refer to Sections 6.

SECTION 14 – CAPITAL PROGRAMME PERFORMANCE

The measurements of actual versus planned capital expenditure are provided Table SC 12. The year to date values and percentage variances are also indicated.

Table SC12 – Capital expenditure trend

WC051 Laingsburg - Supporting Table SC12 Monthly Budget Statement - capital expenditure trend - Q2 Second Quarter

	2020/21				Budget Year 2	2022/23			
Month	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Monthly actual	YearTD actual	YearTD budget	YTD variance	YTD variance	% spend of Original Budget
R thousands								%	
Monthly expenditure performance trend									
July	-	2 003	-	-	-	-	-		0%
August	-	2 003	-	2 062	2 062	2 062	-		9%
September	-	2 003	-	66	2 128	2 128	-		9%
October	-	2 003	-	390	2 518	2 518	-		10%
Nov ember	_	2 003	-	651	3 169	3 169	-		13%
December	-	2 003	-	5 727	8 896	5 172	(3 724)	-72,0%	37%
January	_	2 003	-	-	8 896	7 175	(1 721)	-24,0%	37%
February	-	2 003	-	-	8 896	9 178	283	3,1%	37%
March	_	2 003	-	-	8 896	11 182	2 286	20,4%	37%
April	-	2 003	-	-	8 896	13 185	4 289	32,5%	37%
May	_	2 003	-	-	8 896	15 188	6 292	41,4%	37%
June	_	2 003	-	-	8 896	17 191	8 295	48,3%	37%
Total Capital expenditure	-	24 039	-	8 896					

SECTION 15 – OTHER SUPPORTING DOCUMENTATION

Other National Treasury prescribed supporting documentation not used elsewhere in this document is listed below.

Table SC9 – Cash flow per month by source of revenue and type of expenditure

WC051 Laingsburg - Supporting Table SC9 Monthly Budget Statement - actuals and revised targets for cash receipts - Q2 Second Quarter

Description	Ref						Budget Ye	ar 2022/23							edium Term F	
Description	Ker													•	nditure Fram	·
R thousands	1	July Outcome	August Outcome	Sept Outcome	October Outcome	Nov Outcome	Dec Outcome	January Budget	Feb Budget	March Budget	April Budget	May Budget	June Budget	2021/22	Budget Year +1 2022/23	+2 2023/24
Cash Receipts By Source	•	Outcome	Outcome	Outcome	Outcome	Outcome	Outcome	Duaget	Dudget	Duuget	Duuget	Duaget	Duuget	ZUZ 1/ZZ	11 2022/23	12 2023/24
Property rates		231	622	1 074	289	239	622	710	710	710	710	710	1 895	8 522	5 645	5 899
Service charges - electricity revenue		1 519	1 378	1 476	1 454	1 341	1 292	1 798	1 798	1 798	1 798	1 798	4 124	21 574	22 569	23 630
Service charges - electricity revenue Service charges - water revenue		202	184	236	229	272	246	413	413	413	413	413	1 519	4 951	5 169	5 401
Service charges - water revenue Service charges - sanitation revenue		162	165	290	163	243	170	304	304	304	304	304	934	3 644	3 804	3 975
Service charges - refuse		193	195	209	203	243	193	282	282	282	282	282	765	3 388	3 537	3 696
Service charges - other		- 150	- 130	_	200		130	202		202	202	202	- 100	3 300	3 307	3 030
Rental of facilities and equipment		98	120	69	118	117	- 87	128	128	128	128	128	288	1 535	1 604	1 678
Interest earned - external investments		30	22	32	20	17	34	28	28	28	28	28	74	340	355	371
		_	22	32	20	17	J4	20	_	20	20	20	/*	340	300	3/1
Interest earned - outstanding debtors		_	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	_	-	-
Dividends received		274	-	- 525	442	- 479	- 665	- 849	849	-	- 849	- 849	2 932	40.400	13 560	14 253
Fines, penalties and forfeits			628				1			849		049		10 190	19 900	14 200
Licences and permits	1	131	172	188	119	173	89	-	-	-	-	-	(872)	-	-	-
Agency services	1	- 0.440	-	_	-	-	-	18	18	18	18	18	123	210	219	229
Transfer receipts - operating		9 140	2 551	-	540	578	5 984	2 090	2 090	2 090	2 090	2 090	(4 163)	25 082	25 371	26 889
Other revenue		27	390	62	60	908	85	96	96	96	96	96	(859)	1 155	1 178	1 254
Cash Receipts by Source		11 976	6 426	4 160	3 636	4 586	9 468	6 716	6 716	6 716	6 716	6 716	6 759	80 591	83 011	87 277
Other Cash Flows by Source													-			
Transfer receipts - capital		4 200	-	86	-	7 800	3 072	1 991	1 991	1 991	1 991	1 991	(1 224)	23 887	20 971	20 006
Contributions & Contributed assets		-	4	-	-	4	24	-	-	-	-	-	(32)	-	-	-
Proceeds on disposal of PPE		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Short term loans		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Borrowing long term/refinancing		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Increase in consumer deposits		(9)	(4)	(6)	(11)	(4)	(8)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	41	(3)	(3)	(3)
Receipt of non-current debtors		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Receipt of non-current receiv ables		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Change in non-current investments		-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
Total Cash Receipts by Source		16 167	6 426	4 240	3 624	12 386	12 555	8 706	8 706	8 706	8 706	8 706	5 544	104 474	103 979	107 279
Cash Payments by Type													-			
Employ ee related costs		3 072	3 127	2 717	3 511	5 260	3 758	2 813	2 813	2 813	2 813	2 813	(1 751)	33 761	34 230	36 177
Remuneration of councillors		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest paid		-	-	0	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(0)	-	-	-
Bulk purchases - Electricity		-	1 253	1 423	1 117	708	764	1 050	1 050	1 050	1 050	1 050	2 086	12 600	13 154	-
Bulk purchases - Water & Sewer		1	326	154	196	187	197	302	302	302	302	302	1 054	3 629	3 789	3 959
Other materials		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Contracted services	1	-	88	1 446	181	405	384	679	679	679	679	679	2 251	8 150	8 509	8 509
Grants and subsidies paid - other municipalities		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Grants and subsidies paid - other		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
General expenses		501	889	1 535	1 007	958	1 783	1 506	1 506	1 506	1 506	1 506	3 872	18 077	22 739	14 968
Cash Payments by Type		3 573	5 682	7 274	6 011	7 519	6 887	6 351	6 351	6 351	6 351	6 351	7 512	76 217	82 421	63 613
Other Cash Flows/Payments by Type																
Capital assets	1	-	624	66	390	651	5 727	2 670	2 670	2 670	2 670	2 670	11 230	32 036	29 480	35 832
Repay ment of borrowing		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Cash Flows/Payments	1	_	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	_
Total Cash Payments by Type		3 573	6 306	7 341	6 401	8 170	12 614	9 021	9 021	9 021	9 021	9 021	18 743	108 254	111 901	99 445
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH HELD		12 594	120	(3 101)	(2 777)	4 216	(59)	(315)	(315)	(315)	(315)	(315)	(13 199)	(3 779)	(7 922)	7 834
Cash/cash equivalents at the month/y ear beginning:		3 090	15 684	15 804	12 703	9 927	14 143	14 084	13 769	13 454	13 139	12 824	12 509	3 090	(689)	(8 611)
Cucin cucin cquir aicing at the money can beginning.																

Table SC13 a - Capital expenditure on new assets by asset class

WC051 Laingsburg - Supporting Table SC13a Monthly Budget Statement - capital expenditure on new assets by asset class - Q2 Second Quarter

		2020/21 Budget Year 2022/23								
Description	Ref	Audited	Original	Adjusted	Monthly	YearTD	YearTD	YTD	YTD	Full Year
		Outcome	Budget	Budget	actual	actual	budget	variance	variance	Forecast
R thousands	1								%	
Capital expenditure on new assets by Asset Class/Sub-class										
Infrastructure		_	23 887	_	6 755	8 855	11 943	3 088	25,9%	23 887
Sanitation Infrastructure		_	17 360	_	4 822	6 242	8 680	2 438	28,1%	17 360
Pump Station		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Reticulation		-	2 360	-	-	-	1 180	1 180	100,0%	2 360
Waste Water Treatment Works		-	15 000	-	4 822	6 242	7 500	1 258	16,8%	15 000
Rail Infrastructure		_	6 527	_	1 934	2 613	3 263	650	19,9%	6 527
Rail Lines		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Rail Structures		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Rail Furniture		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Drainage Collection		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Storm water Conveyance		-	6 527	-	1 934	2 613	3 263	650	19,9%	6 527
Computer Equipment	1	l -	32	_	_	20	16	(4)	-26,6%	32
Computer Equipment		-	32	-	-	20	16	(4)	-26,6%	32
Furniture and Office Equipment		_	_	-	_	_	_	_		-
Furniture and Office Equipment		_	-	-	-	-	_	-		-
Machinery and Equipment		_	120	-	12	20	60	40	66,1%	120
Machinery and Equipment		-	120	-	12	20	60	40	66,1%	120
Transport Assets		-	_	-	_	-	-	-		-
Transport Assets		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
<u>Land</u>		_	_	-	_	-	-	-		-
Land		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Zoo's, Marine and Non-biological Animals		_	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Zoo's, Marine and Non-biological Animals		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Total Capital Expenditure on new assets	1	-	24 039	-	6 767	8 896	12 019	3 123	26,0%	24 039

Table SC13 c – Expenditure on Repairs and Maintenance by asset class

WC051 Laingsburg - Supporting Table SC13c Monthly Budget Statement - expenditure on repairs and maintenance by asset class - Q2 Second

			2020/21 Budget Year 2022/23								
Description	Ref	Audited	Original	Adjusted	Monthly	YearTD	YearTD	YTD	YTD	Full Year	
		Outcome	Budget	Budget	actual	actual	budget	variance	variance	Forecast	
R thousands	1	*******************************							%		
Repairs and maintenance expenditure by Asset C	lass/Su	b-class									
<u>Infrastructure</u>		247	614		151	182	307	125	40,9%	743	
Electrical Infrastructure		210	573	-	147	173	287	114	39,8%	34	
Power Plants		_	-	-	-	-	-	-		_	
HV Substations		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	
HV Switching Station		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	
HV Transmission Conductors		19	50	-	32	33	25	(8)	-30,9%	-	
MV Substations		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		28	
MV Switching Stations		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	
MV Networks		3	100	-	3	3	50	47	93,0%	-	
LV Networks		188	423	-	112	137	212	75	35,5%	6	
Capital Spares		-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Water Supply Infrastructure		-	2	-	-	2	1	(0)	-32,4%	7:	
Dams and Weirs		-	1	-	-	2	1	(1)	-187,6%	-	
Distribution		-	1	-	-	-	1	1	100,0%	6	
Distribution Points		-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
PRV Stations		-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Capital Spares		-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Sanitation Infrastructure		37	38	-	4	7	19	12	62,2%	32:	
Pump Station		-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Reticulation		25	33	-	1	2	17	15	87,7%	300	
Waste Water Treatment Works		12	5	-	4	5	2	(3)	-115,0%	22	
Community Assets		7	54	_	0	1	27	26	97,6%	3	
Community Facilities		7	54	-	0	1	27	26	97,6%		
Libraries		7	54	-	0	1	27	26	97,6%	-	
Investment properties	1	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		270	
Revenue Generating		-	_	_	-	-	-	-		_	
Improved Property		_	_	_	-	-	-	-		_	
Unimproved Property		_	_	_	-	-	-	-		_	
Non-revenue Generating		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		27	
Improved Property		_	-	-	-	-	-	-		184	
Unimproved Property		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		86	
Other assets		143	909	-	118	128	454	326	71,8%	5	
Operational Buildings		143	890	-	118	128	445	317	71,2%	40	
Municipal Offices		143	890	-	118	128	445	317	71,2%	40	
Housing		-	19	-	_	- [9	9	100,0%	17	
Staff Housing								-			
Social Housing		-	19	-	-	-	9	9	100,0%	17	
Furniture and Office Equipment		2	9	_	1	1	5	4	78,8%	314	
Furniture and Office Equipment		2	9	-	1	1	5	4	78,8%	314	
Machinery and Equipment		480	611	_	50	57	305	249	81,5%	6	
Machinery and Equipment		480	611	_	50	57	305	249	81,5%	6	
Transport Assets		692	806	_	208	296	407	111	27,3%	556	
Transport Assets		692	806	_	208	296	407	111	27,3%	556	
Total Repairs and Maintenance Expenditure	1	1 572	3 003	-	529	664	1 505	841	55,9%	2 00	

Table SC13 d – Depreciation charges by asset class

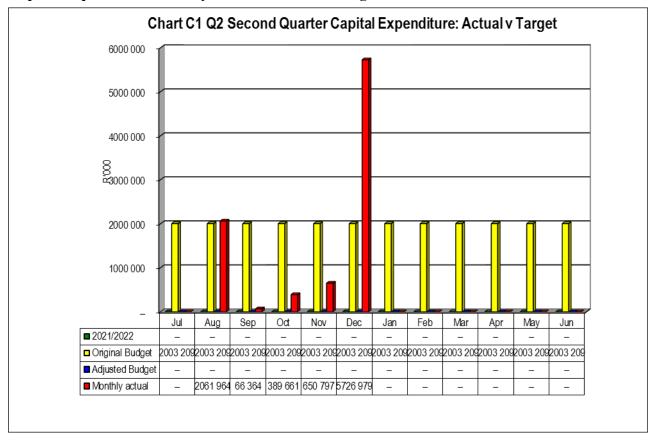
WC051 Laingsburg - Supporting Table SC13d Monthly Budget Statement - depreciation by asset class - Q2 Second Quarter

Description		2020/21	O=i=!!	A diverse	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	Budget Year	x	YTD	VTD	Full Year
Description	Ref	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Monthly actual	YearTD actual	YearTD budget	YTD variance	YTD variance	Full Year Forecast
R thousands	1								%	
Depreciation by Asset Class/Sub-class										
<u>Infrastructure</u>		7 838	5 588	-	1 397	2 794	2 794	-		5 588
Roads Infrastructure		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Roads		_	-	-	-	-	_	-		-
Road Structures			- 1	-	-	-	-	-		-
Road Furniture		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Capital Spares		_	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Storm water Infrastructure		2 531	2 861	-	715	1 431	1 431	-		2 86′
Drainage Collection		2 531	2 861	-	715	1 431	1 431	-		2 86
Storm water Conveyance			-	-	-	-	_	-		-
Attenuation			-	-	-	_		-		_
Electrical Infrastructure		319	323	_	81	162	162	_		323
Power Plants				_	-	_	_	-		_
HV Substations		_	_	_	_	_		_		_
HV Switching Station		_	_	_	_	_		_		_
HV Transmission Conductors		_	_	_	_	_		_		_
MV Substations		_	_	_	_	_	, _	_		_
MV Switching Stations			_	_		_	_			_
		· -	_	_	-	-	,			•
MV Networks		-	202	-	- 04	-	-	-		-
LV Networks		319	323	_	81	162	162	-		323
Capital Spares		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Water Supply Infrastructure		1 652	1 293	-	323	647	647	-		1 293
Dams and Weirs		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Boreholes		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Reservoirs		_	_	-	-	-	-	-		-
Pump Stations		_	[-]	-	-	-	-	-		-
Water Treatment Works			_	-	-	-	_	-		-
Bulk Mains		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Distribution		1 652	1 293	-	323	647	647	-		1 293
Distribution Points		_	-	-	-	-	_	-		-
PRV Stations			-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Capital Spares			_	_	-	_		-		_
Sanitation Infrastructure		1 234	1 106	_	277	553	553	-		1 106
Pump Station			_	_	_	_	_	_		_
Reticulation		1 234	1 106	_	277	553	553	_		1 106
Waste Water Treatment Works		·	_	_		_		_		_
Outfall Sewers		,	_	_	_	_		_		_
Toilet Facilities		-	•	_		_	· [•
		,	-		_	-	• [_		_
Capital Spares Solid Waste Infrastructure		2 101	_		- 1	2		_		_
			4	-	1		2	-		2
Landfill Sites		2 101	4	-	1	_ 2	_ 2	-	1	
Community Assets		_	277	_	69	138	138	l –		277
Community Facilities		_	72	_	18	36	36	-		72
Libraries	· · ·	_	72	_	18	36	36	" _		72
Libraries		_		_	,	30		-		12
Sport and Recreation Facilities		-	205	-	51	102	102		L	205
Indoor Facilities		_	205	_	51	102	102	-		205
Other assets	1	07	405		2.4	67	67			405
		87	135	-	34	67	67			135
Operational Buildings Municipal Offices		87 87	135 135		34 34	67 67	67 67	-		135 135
Intangible Assets		507	_	_	_	-	_	_		_
Servitudes		-	-		-	-	-	-		-
Licences and Rights		507	-	_	-	-	_	-		_
Water Rights		_	-	_	-	-	_	-		_
Effluent Licenses		_	_	_	_	-	_	-		_
Solid Waste Licenses			_	_	_	_		-		_
Computer Software and Applications		507			_	_		_		_

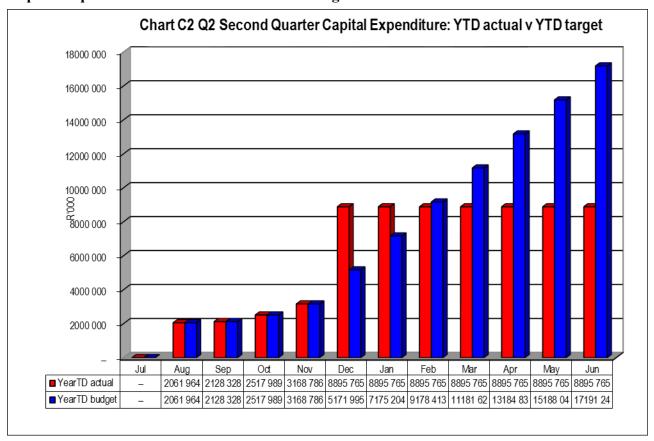
Computer Equipment		151	172	_	43	86	86	-		172
Computer Equipment		151	172	-	43	86	86	-		172
Furniture and Office Equipment		233	199	-	50	99	99	-		199
Furniture and Office Equipment		233	199	-	50	99	99	-		199
Machinery and Equipment		-	109	-	27	54	54	-		109
Machinery and Equipment		-	109	-	27	54	54	-		109
Transport Assets		301	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Transport Assets		301	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
p				,	·····	,		p	······	,
Total Depreciation	1	9 117	6 479	-	1 620	3 239	3 239	-		6 479

Schedule C – National Treasury Formats graphs

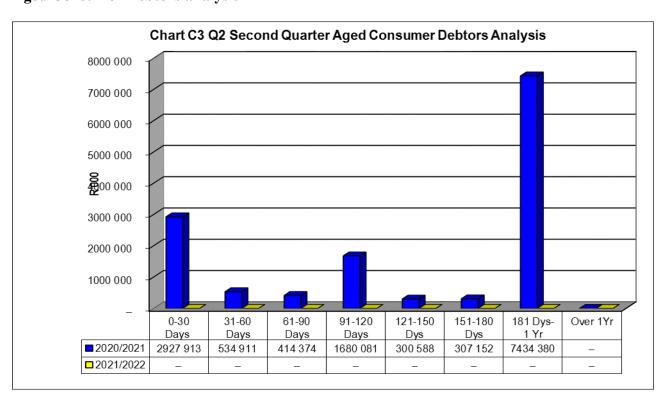
Capital Expenditure monthly trend: Actual VS Target

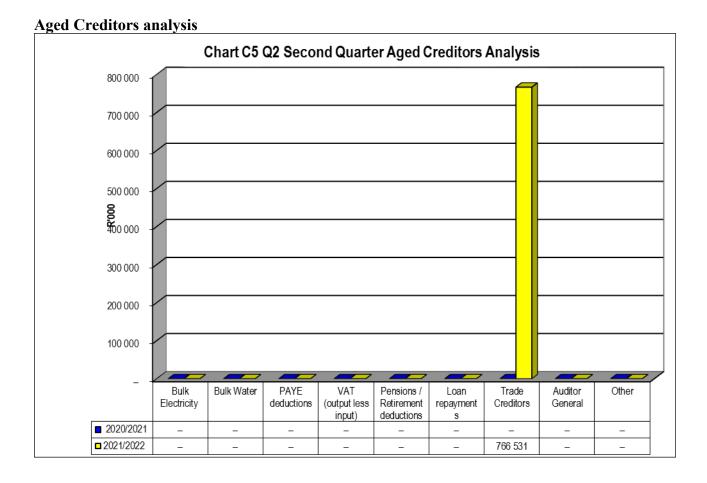


Capital Expenditure: YTD Actual VS YTD Target



Aged Consumer Debtors analysis





SECTION 16 - WARD COMMITTEES

The municipal public participation policy and ward committee policy is in place. The Municipality did establish new ward committees.

SECTION 17 – RECOMMENDATIONS

- (a) That Council notes the contents of this report and supporting documentations for the second quarter of 2022/2023 financial year.
- (b) That the Managers ensure that the budget is implemented in accordance with the Service Delivery and Budget Implementation Plan projections and spending of funds, and that revenue collection proceeds in accordance with the budget.

SECTION 18 - CONCLUSION

The above-mentioned report outlines the performance of the municipality with regards to the overall Performance of the municipality, Financial Performance as well as Non- Financial Performance with regards legislative compliance. The municipal manager will conduct a quarterly review and the outcome of the Performance Review will be recorded to rectify non-performance to ensure that that all targets can be achieved before year-end.